Union Calendar No. 223

104TH CONGRESS H. R. 2854

[Report No. 104-462, Parts I and II]

BILL

To modify the operation of certain agricultural programs.

February 9, 1996

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture with an amendment

February 9, 1996

Referral to the Committee on Ways and Means extended for a period ending not later than February 9, 1996

February 9, 1996

Committee on Ways and Means discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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104TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 2854

[Report No. 104-462, Parts I and II]

To modify the operation of certain agricultural programs.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 5, 1996

Mr. Roberts (for himself, Mr. Emerson, Mr. Allard, Mr. Barrett of Nebraska, Mr. Ewing, Mr. Combest, Mr. Boehner, Mr. Chambliss, and Mr. Nethercutt) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

February 9, 1996

Additional sponsors: Mr. Tiahrt, Mr. Everett, Mr. Lewis of Kentucky, Mr. Smith of Michigan, Mr. Chrysler, Mr. Ehlers, and Mr. Gunderson

February 9, 1996

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

February 9, 1996

Referral to the Committee on Ways and Means extended for a period ending not later than February 9, 1996

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[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on January 5, 1996]

A BILL

To modify the operation of certain agricultural programs.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Ag-
- 5 ricultural Market Transition Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents of this
- 7 Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—AGRICULTURAL MARKET TRANSITION PROGRAM

- Sec. 101. Purpose.
- Sec. 102. Definitions.
- Sec. 103. Production flexibility contracts.
- Sec. 104. Nonrecourse marketing assistance loans and loan deficiency payments.
- Sec. 105. Payment limitations.
- Sec. 106. Peanut program.
- Sec. 107. Sugar program.
- Sec. 108. Administration.
- Sec. 109. Elimination of permanent price support authority.
- Sec. 110. Effect of amendments.

TITLE II—DAIRY

Subtitle A—Milk Price Support and Other Activities

- Sec. 201. Milk price support program.
- Sec. 202. Recourse loans for commercial processors of dairy products.
- Sec. 203. Dairy export incentive program.
- Sec. 204. Dairy promotion program.
- Sec. 205. Fluid milk standards under milk marketing orders.
- Sec. 206. Manufacturing allowance.
- Sec. 207. Establishment of temporary Class I price and temporary Class I equalization pools.
- Sec. 208. Establishment of temporary Class IV price and temporary Class IV equalization pool.
- Sec. 209. Authority for establishment of standby pools.

Subtitle B—Reform of Federal Milk Marketing Orders

- Sec. 221. Issuance or amendment of Federal milk marketing orders to implement certain reforms.
- Sec. 222. Reform process.

Sec. 223. Effect of failure to comply with reform process requirements.

TITLE III—CONSERVATION

Sec. 301. Conservation.

TITLE IV—AGRICULTURAL PROMOTION AND EXPORT PROGRAMS

- Sec. 401. Market promotion program.
- Sec. 402. Export enhancement program.

TITLE V-MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 501. Crop insurance.
- Sec. 502. Collection and use of agricultural quarantine and inspection fees.
- Sec. 503. Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate.
- Sec. 504. Establishment of Office of Risk Management.
- Sec. 505. Business Interruption Insurance Program.
- Sec. 506. Continuation of options pilot program.

TITLE VI—COMMISSION ON 21ST CENTURY PRODUCTION AGRICULTURE

- Sec. 601. Establishment.
- Sec. 602. Composition.
- Sec. 603. Comprehensive review of past and future of production agriculture.
- Sec. 604. Reports.
- Sec. 605. Powers.
- Sec. 606. Commission procedures.
- Sec. 607. Personnel matters.
- Sec. 608. Termination of Commission.

TITLE VII—EXTENSION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES

- Sec. 701. Extension of authority under Public Law 480.
- Sec. 702. Extension of food for progress program.

1 TITLE I—AGRICULTURAL

2 MARKET TRANSITION PROGRAM

- 3 **SEC. 101. PURPOSE.**
- 4 It is the purpose of this title—
- 5 (1) to authorize the use of binding production
- 6 flexibility contracts between the United States and ag-
- 7 ricultural producers to support farming certainty and
- 8 flexibility while ensuring continued compliance with

1	farm conservation compliance plans and wetland pro-
2	$tection\ requirements;$
3	(2) to make nonrecourse marketing assistance
4	loans and loan deficiency available for certain crops,
5	(3) to improve the operation of farm programs
6	for peanuts and sugar; and
7	(4) to terminate price support authority under
8	the Agricultural Act of 1949.
9	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this title:
11	(1) Considered planted.—The term "considered"
12	ered planted" means acreage that is considered plant-
13	ed under title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7
14	U.S.C. 1461 et seq.) (as in effect prior to the amend-
15	ment made by section $109(b)(2)$).
16	(2) Contract.—The term "contract" means of
17	production flexibility contract entered into under sec-
18	tion 103.
19	(3) Contract Acreage.—The term "contract
20	acreage" means 1 or more crop acreage bases estab-
21	lished for contract commodities under title V of the
22	Agricultural Act of 1949 (as in effect prior to the
23	amendment made by section 109(b)(2)) that would
24	have been in effect for the 1996 crop (but for the

amendment made by section 109(b)(2)).

(4) Contract commodity.—The term "contract
commodity" means wheat, corn, grain sorghum, bar-
ley, oats, upland cotton, and rice.
(5) Contract payment.—The term "contract
payment" means a payment made under section 103
pursuant to a contract.
(6) Corn.—The term "corn" means field corn.
(7) Department.—The term "Department"
means the United States Department of Agriculture.
(8) Farm program payment yield.—The term
"farm program payment yield" means the farm pro-
gram payment yield established for the 1995 crop of
a contract commodity under title V of the Agricul-
tural Act of 1949 (as in effect prior to the amendment
made by section $109(b)(2)$).
(9) Loan commodity.—The term "loan com-
modity" means each contract commodity, extra long
staple cotton, and oilseeds.
(10) Oilseed.—The term "oilseed" means a
crop of soybeans, sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola, saf-
flower, flaxseed, mustard seed, or, if designated by the
Secretary, other oilseeds.
(11) Person.—The term "person" means an in-
dividual, partnership, firm, joint-stock company, cor-

 $poration,\ association,\ trust,\ estate,\ or\ State\ agency.$

1	(12) Producer.—
2	(A) In General.—The term "producer"
3	means a person who, as owner, landlord, tenant,
4	or sharecropper, shares in the risk of producing
5	a crop, and is entitled to share in the crop avail-
6	able for marketing from the farm, or would have
7	shared had the crop been produced.
8	(B) Hybrid seed.—The term "producer"
9	includes a person growing hybrid seed under
10	contract. In determining the interest of a grower
11	of hybrid seed in a crop, the Secretary shall not
12	take into consideration the existence of a hybrid
13	seed contract.
14	(13) Program.—The term "program" means the
15	agricultural market transition program established
16	under this title.
17	(14) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Agriculture.
19	(15) State.—The term "State" means each of
20	the several States of the United States, the District of
21	Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and
22	any other territory or possession of the United States.
23	(16) United states.—The term "United
24	States", when used in a geographical sense, means all

of the States.

1 SEC. 103. PRODUCTION FLEXIBILITY CONTRACTS.

2	(a) Contracts Authorized.—
3	(1) Offer and terms.—Beginning as soon as
4	practicable after the date of the enactment of this
5	title, the Secretary shall offer to enter into a contract
6	with an eligible owner or operator described in para-
7	graph (2) on a farm containing eligible farmland.
8	Under the terms of a contract, the owner or operator
9	shall agree, in exchange for annual contract pay-
10	ments, to comply with—
11	(A) the conservation plan for the farm pre-
12	pared in accordance with section 1212 of the
13	Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3812);
14	(B) wetland protection requirements appli-
15	cable to the farm under subtitle C of title XII of
16	the Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.); and
17	(C) the planting flexibility requirements of
18	subsection (j).
19	(2) Eligible owners and operators de-
20	SCRIBED.—The following persons shall be considered
21	to be an owner or operator eligible to enter into a
22	contract:
23	(A) An owner of eligible farmland who as-
24	sumes all of the risk of producing a crop.
25	(B) An owner of eligible farmland who
26	shares in the risk of producing a crop.

	<u> </u>
1	(C) An operator of eligible farmland with a
2	share-rent lease of the eligible farmland, regard-
3	less of the length of the lease, if the owner enters
4	into the same contract.
5	(D) An operator of eligible farmland who
6	cash rents the eligible farmland under a lease ex-
7	piring on or after September 30, 2002, in which
8	case the consent of the owner is not required.
9	(E) An operator of eligible farmland who
10	cash rents the eligible farmland under a lease ex-
11	piring before September 30, 2002, if the owner
12	consents to the contract.
13	(F) An owner of eligible farmland who cash
14	rents the eligible farmland and the lease term ex-
15	pires before September 30, 2002, but only if the
16	actual operator of the farm declines to enter into
17	a contract. In the case of an owner covered by
18	this subparagraph, contract payments shall not
19	begin under a contract until the fiscal year fol-
20	lowing the fiscal year in which the lease held by
21	the nonparticipating operator expires.
22	(G) An owner or operator described in any
23	preceding subparagraph of this paragraph re-
24	aardless of whether the owner or operator pur-

chased catastrophic risk protection for a fall-

1	planted 1996 crop under section 508(b) of the
2	Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)).
3	(3) Tenants and sharecroppers.—In carry-
4	ing out this section, the Secretary shall provide ade-
5	quate safeguards to protect the interests of operators
6	who are tenants and sharecroppers.
7	(b) Elements.—
8	(1) Time for contracting.—
9	(A) Deadline.—Except as provided in sub-
10	paragraph (B), the Secretary may not enter into
11	a contract after April 15, 1996.
12	(B) Conservation reserve lands.—
13	(i) In General.—At the beginning of
14	each fiscal year, the Secretary shall allow
15	an eligible owner or operator on a farm cov-
16	ered by a conservation reserve contract en-
17	tered into under section 1231 of the Food
18	Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) that
19	terminates after the date specified in sub-
20	paragraph (A) to enter into or expand a
21	production flexibility contract to cover the
22	contract acreage of the farm that was sub-
23	ject to the former conservation reserve con-
24	tract.

1	(ii) Amount.—Contract payments
2	made for contract acreage under this sub-
3	paragraph shall be made at the rate and
4	amount applicable to the annual contract
5	payment level for the applicable crop.
6	(2) Duration of contract.—
7	(A) Beginning date.—A contract shall
8	begin with—
9	(i) the 1996 crop of a contract com-
10	$modity;\ or$
11	(ii) in the case of acreage that was sub-
12	ject to a conservation reserve contract de-
13	scribed in paragraph (1)(B), the date the
14	production flexibility contract was entered
15	into or expanded to cover the acreage.
16	(B) Ending date.—A contract shall extend
17	through the 2002 crop.
18	(3) Estimation of contract payments.—At
19	the time the Secretary enters into a contract, the Sec-
20	retary shall provide an estimate of the minimum con-
21	tract payments anticipated to be made during at
22	least the first fiscal year for which contract payments
23	will be made.
24	(c) Eligible Farmland Described.—Land shall be
25	considered to be farmland eliaible for coverage under a con-

1	tract only if the land has contract acreage attributable to
2	the land and—
3	(1) for at least 1 of the 1991 through 1995 crops,
4	at least a portion of the land was enrolled in the acre-
5	age reduction program authorized for a crop of a con-
6	tract commodity under section 101B, 103B, 105B, or
7	107B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (as in effect
8	prior to the amendment made by section 109(b)(2)) or
9	was considered planted;
10	(2) was subject to a conservation reserve contract
11	under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985
12	(16 U.S.C. 3831) whose term expired, or was volun-
13	tarily terminated, on or after January 1, 1995; or
14	(3) is released from coverage under a conserva-
15	tion reserve contract by the Secretary during the pe-
16	riod beginning on January 1, 1995, and ending on
17	the date specified in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$.
18	(d) Time for Payment.—
19	(1) In general.—An annual contract payment
20	shall be made not later than September 30 of each of
21	fiscal years 1996 through 2002.
22	(2) Advance payments.—
23	(A) FISCAL YEAR 1996.—At the option of the
24	owner or operator, 50 percent of the contract

1	payment for fiscal year 1996 shall be made not
2	later than June 15, 1996.
3	(B) Subsequent fiscal years.—At the
4	option of the owner or operator for fiscal year
5	1997 and each subsequent fiscal year, 50 percent
6	of the annual contract payment shall be made on
7	December 15.
8	(e) Amounts Available for Contract Payments
9	FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR.—
10	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall, to the
11	maximum extent practicable, expend on a fiscal year
12	basis the following amounts to satisfy the obligations
13	of the Secretary under all contracts:
14	(A) For fiscal year 1996, \$5,570,000,000.
15	(B) For fiscal year 1997, \$5,385,000,000.
16	(C) For fiscal year 1998, \$5,800,000,000.
17	(D) For fiscal year 1999, \$5,603,000,000.
18	(E) For fiscal year 2000, \$5,130,000,000.
19	(F) For fiscal year 2001, \$4,130,000,000.
20	(G) For fiscal year 2002, \$4,008,000,000.
21	(2) Allocation.—The amount made available
22	for a fiscal year under paragraph (1) shall be allo-
23	cated as follows:
24	(A) For wheat, 26.26 percent.
25	(B) For corn, 46.22 percent.

1	(C) For grain sorghum, 5.11 percent.
2	(D) For barley, 2.16 percent.
3	(E) For oats, 0.15 percent.
4	(F) For upland cotton, 11.63 percent.
5	(G) For rice, 8.47 percent.
6	(3) Adjustment.—The Secretary shall adjust
7	the amounts allocated for each contract commodity
8	under paragraph (2) for a particular fiscal year by—
9	(A) adding an amount equal to the sum of
10	all repayments of deficiency payments received
11	under section 114(a)(2) of the Agricultural Act
12	of 1949 (as in effect prior to the amendment
13	$made\ by\ section\ 109(b)(2))\ for\ the\ commodity;$
14	(B) to the maximum extent practicable,
15	adding an amount equal to the sum of all con-
16	tract payments withheld by the Secretary, at the
17	request of an owner or operator subject to a con-
18	tract, as an offset against repayments of defi-
19	ciency payments otherwise required under sec-
20	tion 114(a)(2) of the Act (as so in effect) for the
21	commodity;
22	(C) adding an amount equal to the sum of
23	all refunds of contract payments received during
24	the preceding fiscal year under subsection (h) of
25	this section for the commodity; and

- 1 (D) subtracting an amount equal to the
 2 amount, if any, necessary during that fiscal year
 3 to satisfy payment requirements for the commod4 ity under sections 103B, 105B, or 107B of the
 5 Agricultural Act of 1949 (as in effect prior to the
 6 amendment made by section 109(b)(2)) for the
 7 1994 and 1995 crop years.
 - (4) SPECIAL ADJUSTMENT TO COVER EXISTING RICE PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS.—As soon as possible after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall determine the amount, if any, necessary to satisfy remaining payment requirements under section 101B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (as in effect prior to the amendment made by section 109(b)(2)) for the 1994 and 1995 crops of rice. The total amount determined under this paragraph shall be deducted, in equal amounts each fiscal year, from the amount allocated for rice under paragraph (2)(G) for fiscal years after the fiscal year in which the final remaining payments are made for rice.

(f) Determination of Contract Payments.—

(1) Individual payment quantity of con-TRACT COMMODITIES.—For each contract, the payment quantity of a contract commodity for each fiscal year shall be equal to the product of—

1	(A) 85 percent of the contract acreage; and
2	(B) the farm program payment yield.
3	(2) Annual payment quantity of contract
4	commodities.—The payment quantity of each con-
5	tract commodity covered by all contracts for each fis-
6	cal year shall equal the sum of the amounts calculated
7	under paragraph (1) for each individual contract.
8	(3) Annual payment rate.—The payment rate
9	for a contract commodity for each fiscal year shall be
10	equal to—
11	(A) the amount made available under sub-
12	section (e) for the contract commodity for the fis-
13	cal year; divided by
14	(B) the amount determined under para-
15	graph (2) for the fiscal year.
16	(4) Annual payment amount to
17	be paid under a contract in effect for each fiscal year
18	with respect to a contract commodity shall be equal
19	to the product of—
20	(A) the payment quantity determined under
21	paragraph (1) with respect to the contract; and
22	(B) the payment rate in effect under para-
23	graph (3).
24	(5) Assignment of contract payments.—The
25	provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and

- Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)) (relating to assignment of payments) shall apply to contract payments under this subsection. The owner or operator making the assignment, or the assignee, shall provide the Secretary with notice, in such manner as the Secretary may require in the contract, of any assignment made under this paragraph.
- 8 (6) Sharing of contract payments.—The 9 Secretary shall provide for the sharing of contract 10 payments among the owners and operators subject to 11 the contract on a fair and equitable basis.
- 12 (g) Payment Limitation.—The total amount of con-13 tract payments made to a person under a contract during 14 any fiscal year may not exceed the payment limitations es-15 tablished under sections 1001 through 1001C of the Food 16 Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308 through 1308–3).

17 (h) Effect of Violation.—

18 (1) Termination of contract.—Except as pro-19 vided in paragraph (2), if an owner or operator sub-20 ject to a contract violates the conservation plan for 21 the farm containing eligible farmland under the con-22 tract, wetland protection requirements applicable to 23 the farm, or the planting flexibility requirements of 24 subsection (j), the Secretary shall terminate the con-25 tract with respect to the owner or operator on each

- 1 farm in which the owner or operator has an interest. 2 On the termination, the owner or operator shall for-3 feit all rights to receive future contract payments on 4 each farm in which the owner or operator has an in-5 terest and shall refund to the Secretary all contract 6 payments received by the owner or operator during 7 the period of the violation, together with interest on 8 the contract payments as determined by the Sec-9 retary.
 - (2) Refund or adjustment.—If the Secretary determines that a violation does not warrant termination of the contract under paragraph (1), the Secretary may require the owner or operator subject to the contract—
 - (A) to refund to the Secretary that part of the contract payments received by the owner or operator during the period of the violation, together with interest on the contract payments as determined by the Secretary; or
 - (B) to accept a reduction in the amount of future contract payments that is proportionate to the severity of the violation, as determined by the Secretary.
- 24 (3) FORECLOSURE.—An owner or operator sub-25 ject to a contract may not be required to make repay-

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- 1 ments to the Secretary of amounts received under the 2 contract if the contract acreage has been foreclosed on 3 and the Secretary determines that forgiving the repayments is appropriate in order to provide fair and 5 equitable treatment. This paragraph shall not void 6 the responsibilities of such an owner or operator 7 under the contract if the owner or operator continues 8 or resumes operation, or control, of the contract acre-9 age. On the resumption of operation or control over 10 the contract acreage by the owner or operator, the 11 provisions of the contract in effect on the date of the 12 foreclosure shall apply.
 - (4) Review.—A determination of the Secretary under this subsection shall be considered to be an adverse decision for purposes of the availability of administrative review of the determination.
- 17 (i) Transfer of Interest in Lands Subject to 18 Contract.—
 - (1) Effect of transfer.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the transfer by an owner or operator subject to a contract of the right and interest of the owner or operator in the contract acreage shall result in the termination of the contract with respect to the acreage, effective on the date of the transfer, unless the transferee of the acreage agrees with the Secretary

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to assume all obligations of the contract. At the request of the transferee, the Secretary may modify the contract if the modifications are consistent with the objectives of this section as determined by the Secretary.

(2) Exception.—If an owner or operator who is entitled to a contract payment dies, becomes incompetent, or is otherwise unable to receive the contract payment, the Secretary shall make the payment, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

(j) Planting Flexibility.—

(1) Permitted crops.—Subject to paragraph (2), any commodity or crop may be planted on contract acreage on a farm.

(2) Limitations.—

(A) Haying and grazing.—

(i) TIME LIMITATIONS.—Haying and grazing on land exceeding 15 percent of the contract acreage on a farm as provided in clause (iii) shall be permitted, except during any consecutive 5-month period between April 1 and October 31 that is determined by the State committee established under section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and

1	Domestic Allotment Act (6 U.S.C. 590h(b))
2	for a State. In the case of a natural disas-
3	ter, the Secretary may permit unlimited
4	haying and grazing on the contract acreage
5	of a farm.
6	(ii) Contract commodities.—Con-
7	tract acreage planted to a contract commod-
8	ity for harvest may be hayed or grazed at
9	any time without limitation.
10	(iii) Haying and grazing limitation
11	on portion or contract acreage.—Un-
12	limited haying and grazing shall be per-
13	mitted on not more than 15 percent of the
14	contract acreage on a farm.
15	(B) Alfalfa.—Alfalfa may be grown on
16	contract acreage in excess of the acreage limita-
17	tion in subparagraph (A)(iii) and without re-
18	gard to the time limitation in subparagraph
19	(A)(i), except that each contract acre on a farm
20	that is planted for harvest to alfalfa in excess of
21	15 percent of the total contract acreage on the
22	farm shall be ineligible for contract payments.
23	(C) Fruits and vegetables.—
24	(i) In general.—The planting for
25	harvest of fruits and vegetables shall be pro-

1	hibited on contract acreage, except in any
2	region in which there is a history of double-
3	cropping, as determined by the Secretary.
4	(ii) Unrestricted vegetables.—
5	Notwithstanding clause (i), lentils, mung
6	beans, and dry peas may be planted for
7	harvest without limitation on contract acre-
8	age.
9	SEC. 104. NONRECOURSE MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS
10	AND LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.
11	(a) Availability of Marketing Assistance
12	Loans.—
13	(1) Nonrecourse loans available.—For each
14	of the 1996 through 2002 crops of each loan commod-
15	ity, the Secretary shall make available to producers
16	on a farm nonrecourse marketing assistance loans for
17	loan commodities produced on the farm. The loans
18	shall be made under terms and conditions that are
19	prescribed by the Secretary and at the loan rate es-
20	tablished under subsection (b) for the loan commodity.
21	(2) Eligible production.—The following pro-
22	duction shall be eligible for a marketing assistance
23	loan under paragraph (1):
24	(A) In the case of a marketing assistance
25	loan for a contract commodity, any production

1	by a producer who has entered into a production
2	flexibility contract.
3	(B) In the case of a marketing assistance
4	loan for extra long staple cotton and oilseeds,
5	any production.
6	(3) Recourse loans for high moisture
7	FEED GRAINS.—
8	(A) RECOURSE LOANS AVAILABLE.—For
9	each of the 1996 through 2002 crops of corn and
10	grain sorghum, the Secretary shall make avail-
11	able recourse loans, as determined by the Sec-
12	retary, to producers on a farm who—
13	(i) normally harvest all or a portion of
14	their crop of corn or grain sorghum in a
15	high moisture state;
16	(ii) present—
17	(I) certified scale tickets from an
18	inspected, certified commercial scale,
19	including licensed warehouses, feedlots,
20	feed mills, distilleries, or other similar
21	entities approved by the Secretary,
22	pursuant to regulations issued by the
23	Secretary; or
24	(II) present field or other physical
25	measurements of the standing or stored

1	crop in regions of the country, as de-
2	termined by the Secretary, that do not
3	have certified commercial scales from
4	which certified scale tickets may be ob-
5	tained within reasonable proximity of
6	$harvest\ operation;$
7	(iii) certify that they were the owners
8	of the feed grain at the time of delivery to,
9	and that the quantity to be placed under
10	loan under this paragraph was in fact har-
11	vested on the farm and delivered to, a feed-
12	lot, feed mill, or commercial or on-farm
13	high-moisture storage facility, or to such fa-
14	cilities maintained by the users of corn and
15	grain sorghum in a high moisture state;
16	and
17	(iv) comply with deadlines established
18	by the Secretary for harvesting the corn or
19	grain sorghum and submit applications for
20	loans under this paragraph within dead-
21	lines established by the Secretary.
22	(B) Eligibility of Acquired feed
23	GRAINS.—Loans under this paragraph shall be
24	made on a quantity of corn or grain sorghum of

1	the same crop acquired by the producer equiva-
2	lent to a quantity determined by multiplying—
3	(i) the acreage of the corn or grain sor-
4	ghum in a high moisture state harvested on
5	the producer's farm; by
6	(ii) the lower of the farm program
7	payment yield or the actual yield on a field,
8	as determined by the Secretary, that is
9	similar to the field from which the corn or
10	grain sorghum was obtained.
11	(C) High moisture state defined.—In
12	this paragraph, the term "high moisture state"
13	means corn or grain sorghum having a moisture
14	content in excess of Commodity Credit Corpora-
15	tion standards for marketing assistance loans
16	made by the Secretary under paragraph (1).
17	(b) Loan Rates.—
18	(1) Wheat.—
19	(A) Loan rate.—Subject to subparagraph
20	(B), the loan rate for a marketing assistance
21	loan under subsection (a)(1) for wheat shall be—
22	(i) not less than 85 percent of the sim-
23	ple average price received by producers of
24	wheat, as determined by the Secretary, dur-
25	ing the marketing years for the immediately

1	preceding 5 crops of wheat, excluding the
2	year in which the average price was the
3	highest and the year in which the average
4	price was the lowest in the period; but
5	(ii) not more than \$2.58 per bushel.
6	(B) Stocks to use ratio adjustment.—
7	If the Secretary estimates for any marketing
8	year that the ratio of ending stocks of wheat to
9	total use for the marketing year will be—
10	(i) equal to or greater than 30 percent,
11	the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for
12	wheat for the corresponding crop by an
13	amount not to exceed 10 percent in any
14	year;
15	(ii) less than 30 percent but not less
16	than 15 percent, the Secretary may reduce
17	the loan rate for wheat for the correspond-
18	ing crop by an amount not to exceed 5 per-
19	cent in any year; or
20	(iii) less than 15 percent, the Secretary
21	may not reduce the loan rate for wheat for
22	the corresponding crop.
23	(C) No effect on future years.—Any
24	reduction in the loan rate for wheat under sub-
25	paragraph (B) shall not be considered in deter-

1	mining the loan rate for wheat for subsequent
2	years.
3	(2) FEED GRAINS.—
4	(A) Loan rate for corn.—Subject to sub-
5	paragraph (B), the loan rate for a marketing as-
6	sistance loan under subsection (a)(1) for corn
7	shall be—
8	(i) not less than 85 percent of the sim-
9	ple average price received by producers of
10	corn, as determined by the Secretary, dur-
11	ing the marketing years for the immediately
12	preceding 5 crops of corn, excluding the
13	year in which the average price was the
14	highest and the year in which the average
15	price was the lowest in the period; but
16	(ii) not more than \$1.89 per bushel.
17	(B) Stocks to use ratio adjustment.—
18	If the Secretary estimates for any marketing
19	year that the ratio of ending stocks of corn to
20	total use for the marketing year will be—
21	(i) equal to or greater than 25 percent,
22	the Secretary may reduce the loan rate for
23	corn for the corresponding crop by an
24	amount not to exceed 10 percent in any
25	year;

1	(ii) less than 25 percent but not less
2	than 12.5 percent, the Secretary may reduce
3	the loan rate for corn for the corresponding
4	crop by an amount not to exceed 5 percent
5	in any year; or
6	(iii) less than 12.5 percent the Sec-
7	retary may not reduce the loan rate for corn
8	for the corresponding crop.
9	(C) No effect on future years.—Any
10	reduction in the loan rate for corn under sub-
11	paragraph (B) shall not be considered in deter-
12	mining the loan rate for corn for subsequent
13	years.
14	(D) Other feed grains.—The loan rate
15	for a marketing assistance loan under subsection
16	(a)(1) for grain sorghum, barley, and oats, re-
17	spectively, shall be established at such level as the
18	Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in
19	relation to the rate that loans are made available
20	for corn, taking into consideration the feeding
21	value of the commodity in relation to corn.
22	(3) UPLAND COTTON.—
23	(A) Loan rate.—Subject to subparagraph
24	(B), the loan rate for a marketing assistance
25	loan under subsection (a)(1) for upland cotton

shall be established by the Secretary at such loan rate, per pound, as will reflect for the base quality of upland cotton, as determined by the Secretary, at average locations in the United States a rate that is not less than the smaller of—

(i) 85 percent of the average price (weighted by market and month) of the base quality of cotton as quoted in the designated United States spot markets during 3 years of the 5-year period ending July 31 in the year in which the loan rate is announced, excluding the year in which the average price was the highest and the year in which the average price was the lowest in the period; or

(ii) 90 percent of the average, for the 15-week period beginning July 1 of the year in which the loan rate is announced, of the 5 lowest-priced growths of the growths quoted for Middling 13/32-inch cotton C.I.F. Northern Europe (adjusted downward by the average difference during the period April 15 through October 15 of the year in which the loan is announced between the average Northern European price quotation of

1	such quality of cotton and the market
2	quotations in the designated United States
3	spot markets for the base quality of upland
4	cotton), as determined by the Secretary.
5	(B) Limitations.—The loan rate for a
6	marketing assistance loan for upland cotton shall
7	not be less than \$0.50 per pound or more than
8	\$0.5192 per pound.
9	(4) Extra long staple cotton.—The loan
10	rate for a marketing assistance loan under subsection
11	(a)(1) for extra long staple cotton shall be—
12	(A) not less than 85 percent of the simple
13	average price received by producers of extra long
14	staple cotton, as determined by the Secretary,
15	during 3 years of the 5 previous marketing
16	years, excluding the year in which the average
17	price was the highest and the year in which the
18	average price was the lowest in the period; but
19	(B) not more than \$0.7965 per pound.
20	(5) RICE.—The loan rate for a marketing assist-
21	ance loan under subsection (a)(1) for rice shall be
22	\$6.50 per hundredweight.
23	(6) Oilseeds.—

- 1 (A) SOYBEANS.—The loan rate for a mar-2 keting assistance loan under subsection (a)(1) for 3 soybeans shall be \$4.92 per bushel.
 - (B) SUNFLOWER SEED, CANOLA, RAPESEED,
 SAFFLOWER, MUSTARD SEED, AND FLAXSEED.—
 The loan rates for a marketing assistance loan
 under subsection (a)(1) for sunflower seed,
 canola, rapeseed, safflower, mustard seed, and
 flaxseed, individually, shall be \$0.087 per pound.
 - (C) OTHER OILSEEDS.—The loan rates for a marketing assistance loan under subsection (a)(1) for other oilseeds shall be established at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the loan rate available for soybeans, except in no event shall the rate for the oilseeds (other than cottonseed) be less than the rate established for soybeans on a per-pound basis for the same crop.
- 19 (c) TERM OF LOAN.—In the case of each loan commod-20 ity (other than upland cotton or extra long staple cotton), 21 a marketing assistance loan under subsection (a)(1) shall 22 have a term of 9 months beginning on the first day of the 23 first month after the month in which the loan is made. A 24 marketing assistance loan for upland cotton or extra long 25 staple cotton shall have a term of 10 months beginning on

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1	the first day of the first month after the month in which
2	the loan is made. The Secretary may not extend the term
3	of a marketing assistance loan for any loan commodity.
4	(d) Repayment.—
5	(1) Repayment rates generally.—The Sec-
6	retary shall permit producers to repay a marketing
7	assistance loan under subsection (a)(1) for a loan
8	commodity (other than extra long staple cotton) at a
9	level that is the lesser of—
10	(A) the loan rate established for the com-
11	modity under subsection (b); or
12	(B) the prevailing world market price for
13	the commodity (adjusted to United States qual-
14	ity and location), as determined by the Sec-
15	retary.
16	(2) Additional repayment rates for wheat,
17	FEED GRAINS, AND OILSEEDS.—In the case of a mar-
18	keting assistance loan under subsection (a)(1) for
19	wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, or oilseeds,
20	the Secretary shall also permit a producer to repay
21	the loan at such level as the Secretary determines
22	will—
23	(A) minimize potential loan forfeitures;
24	(B) minimize the accumulation of stocks of
25	the commodity by the Federal Government;

1	(C) minimize the cost incurred by the Fed-
2	eral Government in storing the commodity; and
3	(D) allow the commodity produced in the
4	United States to be marketed freely and competi-
5	tively, both domestically and internationally.
6	(3) Repayment rates for extra long staple
7	COTTON.—Repayment of a marketing assistance loan
8	for extra long staple cotton shall be at the loan rate
9	established for the commodity under subsection (b),
10	plus interest (as determined by the Secretary).
11	(4) Prevailing world market price.—For
12	purposes of paragraph (1) and subsection (f), the Sec-
13	retary shall prescribe by regulation—
14	(A) a formula to determine the prevailing
15	world market price for each loan commodity, ad-
16	justed to United States quality and location; and
17	(B) a mechanism by which the Secretary
18	shall announce periodically the prevailing world
19	market price for each loan commodity.
20	(5) Adjustment of prevailing world mar-
21	KET PRICE FOR UPLAND COTTON.—
22	(A) In general.—During the period end-
23	ing July 31, 2003, the prevailing world market
24	price for upland cotton (adjusted to United

1	States quality and location) established under
2	paragraph (4) shall be further adjusted if—
3	(i) the adjusted prevailing world mar-
4	ket price is less than 115 percent of the loan
5	rate for upland cotton established under
6	subsection (b), as determined by the Sec-
7	retary; and
8	(ii) the Friday through Thursday aver-
9	age price quotation for the lowest-priced
10	United States growth as quoted for Mid-
11	dling (M) $1^3/32$ -inch cotton delivered C.I.F.
12	Northern Europe is greater than the Friday
13	through Thursday average price of the 5
14	lowest-priced growths of upland cotton, as
15	quoted for Middling (M) 13/32-inch cotton,
16	delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe (referred
17	to in this subsection as the "Northern Eu-
18	rope price").
19	(B) Further adjustment.—Except as
20	provided in subparagraph (C), the adjusted pre-
21	vailing world market price for upland cotton
22	shall be further adjusted on the basis of some or
23	all of the following data, as available:
24	(i) The United States share of world
25	exports.

1	(ii) The current level of cotton export
2	sales and cotton export shipments.
3	(iii) Other data determined by the Sec-
4	retary to be relevant in establishing an ac-
5	curate prevailing world market price for
6	upland cotton (adjusted to United States
7	quality and location).
8	(C) Limitation on further adjust-
9	${\it MENT.}$ —The adjustment under subparagraph ${\it (B)}$
10	may not exceed the difference between—
11	(i) the Friday through Thursday aver-
12	age price for the lowest-priced United States
13	growth as quoted for Middling $1^3/32$ -inch
14	cotton delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe;
15	and
16	(ii) the Northern Europe price.
17	(e) Loan Deficiency Payments.—
18	(1) Availability.—Except as provided in para-
19	graph (4), the Secretary may make loan deficiency
20	payments available to producers who, although eligi-
21	ble to obtain a marketing assistance loan under sub-
22	section (a)(1) with respect to a loan commodity, agree
23	to forgo obtaining the loan for the commodity in re-
24	turn for payments under this subsection.

1	(2) Computation.—A loan deficiency payment
2	under this subsection shall be computed by multiply-
3	ing—
4	(A) the loan payment rate determined
5	under paragraph (3) for the loan commodity; by
6	(B) the quantity of the loan commodity that
7	the producers on a farm are eligible to place
8	under loan but for which the producers forgo ob-
9	taining the loan in return for payments under
10	this subsection.
11	(3) Loan payment rate.—For purposes of this
12	subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount
13	by which—
14	(A) the loan rate established under sub-
15	section (b) for the loan commodity; exceeds
16	(B) the rate at which a loan for the com-
17	modity may be repaid under subsection (d).
18	(4) Exception for extra long staple cot-
19	TON.—This subsection shall not apply with respect to
20	extra long staple cotton.
21	(f) Special Marketing Loan Provisions for Up-
22	LAND COTTON.—
23	(1) Cotton user marketing certificates.—
24	(A) Issuance.—Subject to subparagraph
25	(D), during the period ending July 31, 2003, the

1	Secretary shall issue marketing certificates or
2	cash payments to domestic users and exporters
3	for documented purchases by domestic users and
4	sales for export by exporters made in the week
5	following a consecutive 4-week period in which—
6	(i) the Friday through Thursday aver-
7	age price quotation for the lowest-priced
8	United States growth, as quoted for Mid-
9	dling (M) 1 3 /32-inch cotton, delivered C.I.F.
10	Northern Europe exceeds the Northern Eu-
11	rope price by more than 1.25 cents per
12	pound; and
13	(ii) the prevailing world market price
14	for upland cotton (adjusted to United States
15	quality and location) does not exceed 130
16	percent of the loan rate for upland cotton
17	established under subsection (b).
18	(B) VALUE OF CERTIFICATES OR PAY-
19	MENTS.—The value of the marketing certificates
20	or cash payments shall be based on the amount
21	of the difference (reduced by 1.25 cents per
22	pound) in the prices during the 4th week of the
23	consecutive 4-week period multiplied by the
24	quantity of upland cotton included in the docu-

mented sales.

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(C)Redemption, MARKETING, ORCHANGE.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to assist persons receiving marketing certificates under this paragraph in the redemption of certificates for cash, or in the marketing or exchange of certificates for agricultural commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, in such manner and at such price levels as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of the marketing certificates. Any price restrictions that may otherwise apply to the disposition of agricultural commodities by the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not apply to the redemption of certificates under this paragraph.

(D) Exception.—The Secretary shall not issue marketing certificates or cash payments under subparagraph (A) if, for the immediately preceding consecutive 10-week period, the Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest priced United States growth, as quoted for Middling (M) 1³/32-inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe, adjusted for the value of any certificate issued under this paragraph, exceeds the Northern Europe price by more than 1.25 cents per pound.

(E) Limitation on expenditures.—Total expenditures under this paragraph shall not exceed \$701,000,000 during fiscal years 1996 through 2002.

(2) Special import quota.—

- (A) Establishment.—The President shall carry out an import quota program that provides that, during the period ending July 31, 2003, whenever the Secretary determines and announces that for any consecutive 10-week period, the Friday through Thursday average price quotation for the lowest-priced United States growth, as quoted for Middling (M) 13/32-inch cotton, delivered C.I.F. Northern Europe, adjusted for the value of any certificates issued under paragraph (1), exceeds the Northern Europe price by more than 1.25 cents per pound, there shall immediately be in effect a special import quota.
- (B) QUANTITY.—The quota shall be equal to 1 week's consumption of upland cotton by domestic mills at the seasonally adjusted average rate of the most recent 3 months for which data are available.

1	(C) APPLICATION.—The quota shall apply
2	to upland cotton purchased not later than 90
3	days after the date of the Secretary's announce-
4	ment under subparagraph (A) and entered into
5	the United States not later than 180 days after
6	$the \ date.$
7	(D) Overlap.—A special quota period may
8	be established that overlaps any existing quota
9	period if required by subparagraph (A), except
10	that a special quota period may not be estab-
11	lished under this paragraph if a quota period
12	has been established under subsection (g).
13	(E) Preferential tariff treatment.—
14	The quantity under a special import quota shall
15	be considered to be an in-quota quantity for pur-
16	poses of—
17	(i) section 213(d) of the Caribbean
18	Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C.
19	2703(d));
20	(ii) section 204 of the Andean Trade
21	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);
22	(iii) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of
23	1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and
24	(iv) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Har-
25	monized Tariff Schedule.

1	(F) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
2	term "special import quota" means a quantity of
3	imports that is not subject to the over-quota tar-
4	iff rate of a tariff-rate quota.
5	(g) Limited Global Import Quota for Upland
6	Cotton.—
7	(1) In general.—The President shall carry out
8	an import quota program that provides that whenever
9	the Secretary determines and announces that the av-
10	erage price of the base quality of upland cotton, as de-
11	termined by the Secretary, in the designated spot
12	markets for a month exceeded 130 percent of the aver-
13	age price of such quality of cotton in the markets for
14	the preceding 36 months, notwithstanding any other
15	provision of law, there shall immediately be in effect
16	a limited global import quota subject to the following
17	conditions:
18	(A) QUANTITY.—The quantity of the quota
19	shall be equal to 21 days of domestic mill con-
20	sumption of upland cotton at the seasonally ad-
21	justed average rate of the most recent 3 months
22	for which data are available.
23	(B) Quantity if prior quota.—If a quota
24	has been established under this subsection during
25	the preceding 12 months, the quantity of the

1	quota next established under this subsection shall
2	be the smaller of 21 days of domestic mill con-
3	sumption calculated under subparagraph (A) or
4	the quantity required to increase the supply to
5	130 percent of the demand.
6	(C) Preferential tariff treatment.—
7	The quantity under a limited global import
8	quota shall be considered to be an in-quota quan-
9	tity for purposes of—
10	(i) section 213(d) of the Caribbean
11	Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C.
12	2703(d));
13	(ii) section 204 of the Andean Trade
14	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);
15	(iii) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of
16	1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and
17	(iv) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Har-
18	monized Tariff Schedule.
19	(D) Definitions.—In this subsection:
20	(i) Supply.—The term "supply"
21	means, using the latest official data of the
22	Bureau of the Census, the Department of
23	Agriculture, and the Department of the
24	Treasury—

1	(I) the carry-over of upland cotton
2	at the beginning of the marketing year
3	(adjusted to 480-pound bales) in which
4	the quota is established;
5	(II) production of the current
6	crop; and
7	(III) imports to the latest date
8	available during the marketing year.
9	(ii) Demand.—The term "demand"
10	means—
11	(I) the average seasonally adjusted
12	annual rate of domestic mill consump-
13	tion in the most recent 3 months for
14	which data are available; and
15	(II) the larger of—
16	(aa) average exports of up-
17	land cotton during the preceding
18	6 marketing years; or
19	(bb) cumulative exports of
20	upland cotton plus outstanding
21	export sales for the marketing
22	year in which the quota is estab-
23	lished.
24	(iii) Limited global import
25	QUOTA.—The term "limited global import

- 1 quota" means a quantity of imports that is 2 not subject to the over-quota tariff rate of a 3 tariff-rate quota.
 - (E) QUOTA ENTRY PERIOD.—When a quota is established under this subsection, cotton may be entered under the quota during the 90-day period beginning on the date the quota is established by the Secretary.
 - (2) No overlap.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a quota period may not be established that overlaps an existing quota period or a special quota period established under subsection (f)(2).

(h) Source of Loans.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the loans authorized by this section and the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.) through the Commodity Credit Corporation and other means available to the Secretary.
- (2) PROCESSORS.—Whenever any loan or surplus removal operation for any agricultural commodity is carried out through purchases from or loans or payments to processors, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, obtain from the processors such assurances as the Secretary considers adequate that the producers of the commodity have received or will re-

ceive maximum benefits from the loan or surplus re-1 2 moval operation. (i) Adjustments of Loans.— 3 4 (1) In General.—The Secretary may make ap-5 propriate adjustments in the loan levels for any com-6 modity for differences in grade, type, quality, loca-7 tion, and other factors. (2) Loan Level.—The adjustments shall, to the 8 9 maximum extent practicable, be made in such man-10 ner that the average loan level for the commodity will, 11 on the basis of the anticipated incidence of the factors, 12 be equal to the level of support determined as provided in this section or the Agricultural Adjustment 13 14 Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1281 et seg.). 15 (j) Personal Liability of Producers for Defi-16 CIENCIES.— 17 (1) In general.—Except as provided in para-18 graph (2), no producer shall be personally liable for 19 any deficiency arising from the sale of the collateral 20 securing any nonrecourse loan made under this sec-21 tion or the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7) 22 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.) unless the loan was obtained 23 through a fraudulent representation by the producer. 24 (2) Limitations.—Paragraph (1) shall not pre-25

vent the Commodity Credit Corporation or the Sec-

1	retary from requiring a producer to assume liability
2	for—
3	(A) a deficiency in the grade, quality, or
4	quantity of a commodity stored on a farm or de-
5	livered by the producer;
6	(B) a failure to properly care for and pre-
7	serve a commodity; or
8	(C) a failure or refusal to deliver a com-
9	modity in accordance with a program estab-
10	lished under this section or the Agricultural Ad-
11	justment Act of 1938.
12	(3) Acquisition of collateral.—The Sec-
13	retary may include in a contract for a nonrecourse
14	loan made under this section or the Agricultural Ad-
15	justment Act of 1938 a provision that permits the
16	Commodity Credit Corporation, on and after the ma-
17	turity of the loan, to acquire title to the unredeemed
18	collateral without obligation to pay for any market
19	value that the collateral may have in excess of the
20	loan indebtedness.
21	(4) Sugarcane and sugar beets.—A security
22	interest obtained by the Commodity Credit Corpora-
23	tion as a result of the execution of a security agree-
24	ment by the processor of sugarcane or sugar beets

shall be superior to all statutory and common law

1	liens on raw cane sugar and refined beet sugar in
2	favor of the producers of sugarcane and sugar beets
3	and all prior recorded and unrecorded liens on the
4	crops of sugarcane and sugar beets from which the
5	sugar was derived.
6	(k) Commodity Credit Corporation Sales Price
7	Restrictions.—
8	(1) In General.—The Commodity Credit Cor-
9	poration may sell any commodity owned or controlled
10	by the Corporation at any price that the Secretary
11	determines will maximize returns to the Corporation.
12	(2) Nonapplication of sales price restric-
13	Tions.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
14	(A) a sale for a new or byproduct use;
15	(B) a sale of peanuts or oilseeds for the ex-
16	traction of oil;
17	(C) a sale for seed or feed if the sale will
18	not substantially impair any loan program;
19	(D) a sale of a commodity that has substan-
20	tially deteriorated in quality or as to which
21	there is a danger of loss or waste through deterio-
22	ration or spoilage;
23	(E) a sale for the purpose of establishing a
24	claim arising out of a contract or against a per-
25	son who has committed fraud, misrepresentation,

1	or other wrongful act with respect to the com-
2	modity;
3	(F) a sale for export, as determined by the
4	Corporation; and
5	(G) a sale for other than a primary use.
6	(3) Presidential disaster areas.—
7	(A) In general.—Notwithstanding para-
8	graph (1), on such terms and conditions as the
9	Secretary may consider in the public interest,
10	the Corporation may make available any com-
11	modity or product owned or controlled by the
12	Corporation for use in relieving distress—
13	(i) in any area in the United States
14	(including the Virgin Islands) declared by
15	the President to be an acute distress area
16	because of unemployment or other economic
17	cause, if the President finds that the use
18	will not displace or interfere with normal
19	marketing of agricultural commodities; and
20	(ii) in connection with any major dis-
21	aster determined by the President to war-
22	rant assistance by the Federal Government
23	under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief
24	and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
25	5121 et seq.).

1	(B) Costs.—Except on a reimbursable
2	basis, the Corporation shall not bear any costs in
3	connection with making a commodity available
4	under subparagraph (A) beyond the cost of the
5	commodity to the Corporation incurred in—
6	(i) the storage of the commodity; and
7	(ii) the handling and transportation
8	costs in making delivery of the commodity
9	to designated agencies at 1 or more central
10	locations in each State or other area.
11	(4) Efficient operations.—Paragraph (1)
12	shall not apply to the sale of a commodity the dis-
13	position of which is desirable in the interest of the ef-
14	fective and efficient conduct of the operations of the
15	Corporation because of the small quantity of the com-
16	modity involved, or because of the age, location, or
17	questionable continued storability of the commodity.
18	SEC. 105. PAYMENT LIMITATIONS.
19	(a) In General.—Section 1001 of the Food Security
20	Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308) is amended by striking para-
21	graphs (1) through (4) and inserting the following:
22	"(1) Limitation on payments under produc-
23	TION FLEXIBILITY CONTRACTS.—The total amount of
24	contract payments made under section 103 of the Ag-
25	ricultural Market Transition Act to a person under 1

1	or more production flexibility contracts entered into
2	under the section during any fiscal year may not ex-
3	ceed \$40,000.
4	"(2) Limitation on marketing loan gains
5	AND LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.—For each of the
6	1996 through 2002 crops of loan commodities, the
7	total amount of payments specified in paragraph (3)
8	that a person shall be entitled to receive under section
9	104 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act for one
10	or more loan commodities may not exceed \$75,000.
11	"(3) Description of payments subject to
12	LIMITATION.—The payments referred to in paragraph
13	(2) are the following:
14	"(A) Any gain realized by a producer from
15	repaying a marketing assistance loan for a crop
16	of any loan commodity at a lower level than the
17	original loan rate established for the loan com-
18	modity under section 104(b) of the Agricultural
19	Market Transition Act.
20	"(B) Any loan deficiency payment received
21	for a loan commodity under section 104(e) of the
22	Act.
23	"(4) Definitions.—In this title, the terms 'con-
24	tract payment' and 'loan commodity' have the mean-

1	ing given those terms in section 102 of the Agricul-
2	tural Market Transition Act.".
3	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) Section 1001A of the Food Security Act of
5	1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–1) is amended—
6	(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "under
7	the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et
8	seq.)"; and
9	(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "under
10	the Agricultural Act of 1949".
11	(2) Section 1001C(a) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1308-
12	3(a)) is amended—
13	(A) by striking "For each of the 1991
14	through 1997 crops, any" and inserting "Any",
15	(B) by striking "production adjustment
16	payments, price support program loans, pay-
17	ments, or benefits made available under the Ag-
18	ricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.),
19	and inserting "loans or payments made avail-
20	able under title I of the Agricultural Market
21	Transition Act,"; and
22	(C) by striking "during the 1989 through
23	1997 crop years".
24	SEC. 106. PEANUT PROGRAM.
25	(a) Quota Peanuts.—

- 1 (1) AVAILABILITY OF LOANS.—The Secretary 2 shall make nonrecourse loans available to producers of 3 quota peanuts.
 - (2) LOAN RATE.—The national average quota loan rate for quota peanuts shall be \$610 per ton.
 - (3) Inspection, Handling, or storage.—The loan amount may not be reduced by the Secretary by any deductions for inspection, handling, or storage.
 - (4) Location and other factors.—The Secretary may make adjustments in the loan rate for quota peanuts for location of peanuts and such other factors as are authorized by section 411 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.
 - (5) Offers from Handlers.—In the case of any producer who had an offer available from a handler to purchase quota peanuts, for delivery within the same county or a contiguous county, at a price equal to or greater than the applicable quota support rate, the Secretary shall reduce the support rate by 5 percent for the peanuts that were subject to the offer.

 (b) Additional Peanuts.—

(1) In General.—The Secretary shall make nonrecourse loans available to producers of additional peanuts at such rates as the Secretary finds appro-

25 priate, taking into consideration the demand for pea-

- nut oil and peanut meal, expected prices of other vegetable oils and protein meals, and the demand for
 peanuts in foreign markets.
 - (2) Announcement.—The Secretary shall announce the loan rate for additional peanuts of each crop not later than February 15 preceding the marketing year for the crop for which the loan rate is being determined.

(c) Area Marketing Associations.—

(1) Warehouse storage loans.—

(A) In General.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall make warehouse storage loans available in each of the producing areas (described in section 1446.95 of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (January 1, 1989)) to a designated area marketing association of peanut producers that is selected and approved by the Secretary and that is operated primarily for the purpose of conducting the loan activities. The Secretary may not make warehouse storage loans available to any cooperative that is engaged in operations or activities concerning peanuts other than those operations and activities specified in this section and section

1	358e of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938
2	(7 U.S.C. 1359a).
3	(B) Administrative and supervisory ac-
4	TIVITIES.—An area marketing association shall
5	be used in administrative and supervisory ac-
6	tivities relating to loans and marketing activities
7	under this section and section 358e of the Agri-
8	cultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C.
9	1359a).
10	(C) Association costs.—Loans made to
11	the association under this paragraph shall in-
12	clude such costs as the area marketing associa-
13	tion reasonably may incur in carrying out the
14	responsibilities, operations, and activities of the
15	association under this section and section 358e of
16	the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7
17	U.S.C. 1359a).
18	(2) Pools for quota and additional pea-
19	NUTS.—
20	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall re-
21	quire that each area marketing association estab-
22	lish pools and maintain complete and accurate
23	records by area and segregation for quota pea-
24	nuts handled under loan and for additional pea-

 $nuts \ placed \ under \ loan, \ except \ that \ separate$

pools shall be established for Valencia peanuts

produced in New Mexico. Bright hull and dark

hull Valencia peanuts shall be considered as sep
arate types for the purpose of establishing the

pools.

- (B) NET GAINS.—Net gains on peanuts in each pool, unless otherwise approved by the Secretary, shall be distributed only to producers who placed peanuts in the pool and shall be distributed in proportion to the value of the peanuts placed in the pool by each producer. Net gains for peanuts in each pool shall consist of the following:
- (i) QUOTA PEANUTS.—For quota peanuts, the net gains over and above the loan indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred on peanuts placed in the pool.
- (ii) ADDITIONAL PEANUTS.—For additional peanuts, the net gains over and above the loan indebtedness and other costs or losses incurred on peanuts placed in the pool for additional peanuts.
- 23 (d) Losses.—Losses in quota area pools shall be cov-24 ered using the following sources in the following order of 25 priority:

- (1)TRANSFERS FROMADDITIONAL LOANPOOLS.—The proceeds due any producer from any pool shall be reduced by the amount of any loss that is incurred with respect to peanuts transferred from an additional loan pool to a quota loan pool by the producer under section 358-1(b)(8) of the Agricul-tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-1(b)(8)).
 - (2) OTHER PRODUCERS IN SAME POOL.—Further losses in an area quota pool shall be offset by reducing the gain of any producer in the pool by the amount of pool gains attributed to the same producer from the sale of additional peanuts for domestic and export edible use.
 - (3) BUY-BACK GAINS WITHIN AREA.—Further losses in an area quota pool shall be offset by gains or profits attributable to sales of additional peanuts in that area pursuant to the provisions of section 358e(g)(1)(A) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359a(g)(1)(A)).
 - (4) Use of marketing assessments.—The Secretary shall use funds collected under subsection (g) (except funds attributable to handlers) to offset further losses in area quota pools. The Secretary shall transfer to the Treasury those funds collected under

- subsection (g) and available for use under this subsection that the Secretary determines are not required to cover losses in area quota pools.
- (5) CROSS COMPLIANCE.—Further losses in area quota pools, other than losses incurred as a result of transfers from additional loan pools to quota loan pools under section 358–1(b)(8) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358–1(b)(8)), shall be offset by any gains or profits from quota pools in other production areas (other than separate type pools established under subsection (c)(2)(A) for Valencia peanuts produced in New Mexico) in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe. If losses in area quota pools have not been entirely offset through use of the preceding sentence, then further losses shall be offset by gains or profits attributable to sales of additional peanuts in other areas pursuant to section 358e(g)(1)(A) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1359a(g)(1)(A)).
 - (6) Increased assessments.—If use of the authorities provided in the preceding paragraphs is not sufficient to cover losses in an area quota pool, the Secretary shall increase the marketing assessment established under subsection (g) by such an amount as the Secretary considers necessary to cover the losses. The increased assessment shall apply only to quota

1	peanuts covered by that pool. Amounts collected under
2	subsection (g) as a result of the increased assessment
3	shall be retained by the Secretary to cover losses in
4	that pool.
5	(e) DISAPPROVAL OF QUOTAS.—Notwithstanding any
6	other provision of law, no loan for quota peanuts may be
7	made available by the Secretary for any crop of peanuts
8	with respect to which poundage quotas have been dis-
9	approved by producers, as provided for in section 358–1(d)
10	of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1358-
11	1(d)).
12	(f) Quality Improvement.—
13	(1) In general.—With respect to peanuts under
14	loan, the Secretary shall—
15	(A) promote the crushing of peanuts at a
16	greater risk of deterioration before peanuts of a
17	lesser risk of deterioration;
18	(B) ensure that all Commodity Credit Cor-
19	poration inventories of peanuts sold for domestic
20	edible use must be shown to have been officially
21	inspected by licensed Department inspectors both
22	as farmer stock and shelled or cleaned in-shell
23	peanuts;
24	(C) continue to endeavor to operate the pea-
25	nut program so as to improve the quality of do-

- 1 mestic peanuts and ensure the coordination of 2 activities under the Peanut Administrative Committee established under Marketing Agreement 3 4 No. 146, regulating the quality of domestically produced peanuts (under the Agricultural Ad-5 6 justment Act (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), reenacted 7 with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing 8 Agreement Act of 1937); and
 - (D) ensure that any changes made in the peanut program as a result of this subsection requiring additional production or handling at the farm level shall be reflected as an upward adjustment in the Department loan schedule.
 - (2) Exports and other peanuts.—The Secretary shall require that all peanuts in the domestic and export markets fully comply with all quality standards under Marketing Agreement No. 146.

(g) Marketing Assessment.—

(1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for a nonrefundable marketing assessment. The assessment shall be made on a per pound basis in an amount equal to 1.1 percent for each of the 1994 and 1995 crops, 1.15 percent for the 1996 crop, and 1.2 percent for each of the 1997 through 2002 crops, of the

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1	national average quota or additional peanut loan rate
2	for the applicable crop.
3	(2) First purchasers.—
4	(A) In general.—Except as provided
5	under paragraphs (3) and (4), the first pur-
6	chaser of peanuts shall—
7	(i) collect from the producer a market-
8	ing assessment equal to the quantity of pea-
9	nuts acquired multiplied by—
10	(I) in the case of each of the 1994
11	and 1995 crops, .55 percent of the ap-
12	plicable national average loan rate;
13	(II) in the case of the 1996 crop,
14	.6 percent of the applicable national
15	average loan rate; and
16	(III) in the case of each of the
17	1997 through 2002 crops, .65 percent
18	of the applicable national average loan
19	rate;
20	(ii) pay, in addition to the amount
21	collected under clause (i), a marketing as-
22	sessment in an amount equal to the quan-
23	tity of peanuts acquired multiplied by .55
24	percent of the applicable national average
25	loan rate; and

- 1 (iii) remit the amounts required under 2 clauses (i) and (ii) to the Commodity Credit 3 Corporation in a manner specified by the 4 Secretary.
 - (B) Definition of first purchaser.—In this subsection, the term "first purchaser" means a person acquiring peanuts from a producer except that in the case of peanuts forfeited by a producer to the Commodity Credit Corporation, the term means the person acquiring the peanuts from the Commodity Credit Corporation.
 - (3) Other private marketing by a producer directly to a consumer through a retail or wholesale outlet or in the case of a marketing by the producer outside of the continental United States, the producer shall be responsible for the full amount of the assessment and shall remit the assessment by such time as is specified by the Secretary.
 - (4) Loan Peanuts.—In the case of peanuts that are pledged as collateral for a loan made under this section, ½ of the assessment shall be deducted from the proceeds of the loan. The remainder of the assessment shall be paid by the first purchaser of the peanuts. For purposes of computing net gains on peanuts

1	under this section, the reduction in loan proceeds
2	shall be treated as having been paid to the producer.
3	(5) Penalties.—If any person fails to collect or
4	remit the reduction required by this subsection or
5	fails to comply with the requirements for record-
6	keeping or otherwise as are required by the Secretary
7	to carry out this subsection, the person shall be liable
8	to the Secretary for a civil penalty up to an amount
9	determined by multiplying—
10	(A) the quantity of peanuts involved in the
11	violation; by
12	(B) the national average quota peanut rate
13	for the applicable crop year.
14	(6) Enforcement.—The Secretary may enforce
15	this subsection in the courts of the United States.
16	(h) Crops.—Subsections (a) through (f) shall be effec-
17	tive only for the 1996 through 2002 crops of peanuts.
18	(i) Marketing Quotas.—
19	(1) In general.—Part VI of subtitle B of title
20	III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is
21	amended—
22	(A) in section 358–1 (7 U.S.C. 1358–1)—
23	(i) in the section heading, by striking
24	"1991 THROUGH 1997 CROPS OF";

1	(ii) in subsections (a)(1), (b)(1)(B),
2	(b)(2)(A), (b)(2)(C), and (b)(3)(A), by strik-
3	ing "of the 1991 through 1997 marketing
4	years" each place it appears and inserting
5	"marketing year";
6	(iii) in subsection (a)(3), by striking
7	"1990" and inserting "1990, for the 1991
8	through 1995 marketing years, and 1995,
9	for the 1996 through 2002 marketing
10	years";
11	(iv) in subsection (b)(1)(A)—
12	(I) by striking "each of the 1991
13	through 1997 marketing years" and
14	inserting "each marketing year"; and
15	(II) in clause (i), by inserting be-
16	fore the semicolon the following: ", in
17	the case of the 1991 through 1995 mar-
18	keting years, and the 1995 marketing
19	year, in the case of the 1996 through
20	2002 marketing years"; and
21	(v) in subsection (f), by striking
22	"1997" and inserting "2002";
23	(B) in section 358b (7 U.S.C. 1358b)—
24	(i) in the section heading, by striking
25	"1001 THROUGH 1005 CROPS OF' and

1	(ii) in subsection (c), by striking
2	"1995" and inserting "2002";
3	(C) in section $358c(d)$ (7 U.S.C. $1358c(d)$),
4	by striking "1995" and inserting "2002"; and
5	(D) in section 358e (7 U.S.C. 1359a)—
6	(i) in the section heading, by striking
7	"FOR 1991 THROUGH 1997 CROPS OF
8	PEANUTS '; and
9	(ii) in subsection (i), by striking
10	"1997" and inserting "2002".
11	(2) Eligibility for farm poundage quota.—
12	(A) CERTAIN FARMS INELIGIBLE.—Section
13	358–1(b)(1) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1358–1(b)(1)) is
14	amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(D) CERTAIN FARMS INELIGIBLE TO HOLD
16	QUOTA.—Effective beginning with the 1997 mar-
17	keting year, the Secretary shall no longer estab-
18	lish farm poundage quotas under subparagraph
19	(A) for farms—
20	"(i) owned or controlled by munici-
21	palities, airport authorities, schools, col-
22	leges, refuges, and other public entities (not
23	including universities for research pur-
24	poses); or

1	"(ii) owned or controlled by a person
2	who is not a producer and resides in an-
3	other State.".
4	(B) Allocation of quota to other
5	FARMS.—Section $358-1(b)(2)$ of the Act (7)
6	$U.S.C.\ 1358-1(b)(2))$ is amended by adding at
7	the end the following:
8	"(E) Transfer of quota from ineli-
9	GIBLE FARMS.—Any farm poundage quota held
10	at the end of the 1996 marketing year by a farm
11	described in paragraph (1)(D) shall be allocated
12	to other farms in the same State on such basis
13	as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.".
14	(3) Elimination of quota floor.—Section
15	358-1(a)(1) of the Act (7 U.S.C. $1358-1(a)(1)$) is
16	amended by striking the second sentence.
17	(4) Temporary quota allocation.—Section
18	358–1 of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1358–1) is amended—
19	(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "do-
20	mestic edible, seed," and inserting "domestic edi-
21	ble use";
22	(B) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —
23	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
24	"subparagraph (B) and subject to"; and

1	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(B) Temporary quota allocation.—
4	"(i) Allocation related to seed
5	PEANUTS.—Temporary allocation of quota
6	pounds for the marketing year only in
7	which the crop is planted shall be made to
8	producers for each of the 1996 through 2002
9	marketing years as provided in this sub-
10	paragraph.
11	"(ii) QUANTITY.—The temporary quota
12	allocation shall be equal to the pounds of
13	seed peanuts planted on the farm, as may
14	be adjusted under regulations prescribed by
15	the Secretary.
16	"(iii) Additional quota.—The tem-
17	porary allocation of quota pounds under
18	this paragraph shall be in addition to the
19	farm poundage quota otherwise established
20	under this subsection and shall be credited,
21	for the applicable marketing year only, in
22	total to the producer of the peanuts on the
23	farm in a manner prescribed by the Sec-
24	retary.

1	"(iv) Effect of other require-
2	Ments.—Nothing in this section alters or
3	changes the requirements regarding the use
4	of quota and additional peanuts established
5	by section 358e(b)."; and
6	(C) in subsection $(e)(3)$, strike "and seed
7	and use on a farm".
8	(5) Spring and fall transfers within a
9	STATE.—Section $358b(a)(1)$ of the Act (7 U.S.C.
10	1358b(a)(1)) is amended—
11	(A) by striking ", conditions, or limita-
12	tions" in the matter preceding the subpara-
13	graphs and inserting "and conditions";
14	(B) by striking "any such lease" in the
15	matter preceding the subparagraphs and insert-
16	ing "any such sale or lease"; and
17	(C) by striking "in the fall or after the nor-
18	mal planting season—" and subparagraphs (A)
19	and (B) and inserting the following: "in the
20	spring (or before the normal planting season) or
21	in the fall (or after the normal planting season)
22	with the owner or operator of a farm located
23	within any county in the same State. In the case
24	of a fall transfer or a transfer after the normal
25	planting season, the transfer may be made only

1	if not less than 90 percent of the basic quota (the
2	farm quota exclusive of temporary quota trans-
3	fers), plus any poundage quota transferred to the
4	farm under this subsection, has been planted or
5	considered planted on the farm from which the
6	quota is to be leased.".
7	(6) Undermarketings.—Part VI of subtitle B
8	of title III of the Act is amended—
9	(A) in section 358–1(b) (7 U.S.C. 1358–
10	1(b))—
11	(i) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking
12	"including—" and clauses (i) and (ii) and
13	inserting "including any increases resulting
14	from the allocation of quotas voluntarily re-
15	leased for 1 year under paragraph (7).";
16	(ii) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking
17	"include—" and clauses (i) and (ii) and
18	inserting "include any increase resulting
19	from the allocation of quotas voluntarily re-
20	leased for 1 year under paragraph (7).";
21	and
22	(iii) by striking paragraphs (8) and
23	(9); and
24	(B) in section $358b(a)$ $(7$ $U.S.C.$
25	1358b(a))—

1	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "(in-
2	cluding any applicable under marketings)"
3	both places it appears;
4	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "(in-
5	cluding any applicable under marketings)";
6	and
7	(iii) in paragraph (3), by striking
8	"(including any applicable
9	under marketings)".
10	(7) Disaster transfers.—Section 358–1(b) of
11	the Act (7 U.S.C. 1358–1(b)), as amended by para-
12	graph (6)(A)(iii), is further amended by adding at
13	the end the following:
14	"(8) Disaster transfers.—
15	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (B), additional peanuts produced
17	on a farm from which the quota poundage was
18	not harvested and marketed because of drought,
19	flood, or any other natural disaster, or any other
20	condition beyond the control of the producer,
21	may be transferred to the quota loan pool for
22	pricing purposes on such basis as the Secretary
23	shall by regulation provide.

1	"(B) Limitation.—The poundage of pea-
2	nuts transferred under subparagraph (A) shall
3	not exceed the difference between—
4	"(i) the total quantity of peanuts meet-
5	ing quality requirements for domestic edible
6	use, as determined by the Secretary, mar-
7	keted from the farm; and
8	"(ii) the total farm poundage quota,
9	excluding quota pounds transferred to the
10	farm in the fall.
11	"(C) Support rate.—Peanuts transferred
12	under this paragraph shall be supported at 70
13	percent of the quota support rate for the market-
14	ing years in which the transfers occur. The
15	transfers for a farm shall not exceed 25 percent
16	of the total farm quota pounds, excluding pounds
17	transferred in the fall.".
18	SEC. 107. SUGAR PROGRAM.
19	(a) Sugarcane.—The Secretary shall make loans
20	available to processors of domestically grown sugarcane at
21	a rate equal to 18 cents per pound for raw cane sugar.
22	(b) Sugar Beets.—The Secretary shall make loans
23	available to processors of domestically grown sugar beets at
24	a rate equal to 22.9 cents per pound for refined beet sugar.
25	(c) Reduction in Loan Rates.—

- (1) REDUCTION REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall reduce the loan rate specified in subsection (a) for do-mestically grown sugarcane and subsection (b) for domestically grown sugar beets if the Secretary determines that negotiated reductions in export subsidies and domestic subsidies provided for sugar of the Eu-ropean Union and other major sugar growing, pro-ducing, and exporting countries in the aggregate ex-ceed the commitments made as part of the Agreement on Agriculture.
 - shall not reduce the loan rate under subsection (a) or (b) below a rate that provides an equal measure of support to that provided by the European Union and other major sugar growing, producing, and exporting countries, based on an examination of both domestic and export subsidies subject to reduction in the Agreement on Agriculture.
 - (3) Announcement of reduction.—The Secretary shall announce any loan rate reduction to be made under this subsection as far in advance as is practicable.
 - (4) Major sugar countries defined.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "major sugar

1	growing, producing, and exporting countries"
2	means—
3	(A) the countries of the European Union;
4	and
5	(B) the ten foreign countries not covered by
6	subparagraph (A) that the Secretary determines
7	produce the greatest amount of sugar.
8	(5) AGREEMENT ON AGRICULTURE DEFINED.—
9	For purposes of this subsection, the term "Agreement
10	on Agriculture" means the Agreement on Agriculture
11	referred to in section 101(d)(2) of the Uruguay Round
12	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. $3511(d)(2)$).
13	(d) Term of Loans.—
14	(1) In General.—Loans under this section dur-
15	ing any fiscal year shall be made available not earlier
16	than the beginning of the fiscal year and shall mature
17	at the earlier of—
18	(A) the end of 9 months; or
19	(B) the end of the fiscal year.
20	(2) Supplemental loans.—In the case of loans
21	made under this section in the last 3 months of a fis-
22	cal year, the processor may repledge the sugar as col-
23	lateral for a second loan in the subsequent fiscal year,
24	except that the second loan shall—

1	(A) be made at the loan rate in effect at the
2	time the second loan is made; and
3	(B) mature in 9 months less the quantity of
4	time that the first loan was in effect.
5	(e) Loan Type; Processor Assurances.—
6	(1) Recourse loans.—Subject to paragraph
7	(2), the Secretary shall carry out this section through
8	the use of recourse loans.
9	(2) Nonrecourse loans.—During any fiscal
10	year in which the tariff rate quota for imports of
11	sugar into the United States is established at, or is
12	increased to, a level in excess of 1,500,000 short tons
13	raw value, the Secretary shall carry out this section
14	by making available nonrecourse loans. Any recourse
15	loan previously made available by the Secretary
16	under this section during the fiscal year shall be
17	changed by the Secretary into a nonrecourse loan.
18	(3) Processor assurances.—If the Secretary
19	is required under paragraph (2) to make nonrecourse
20	loans available during a fiscal year or to change re-
21	course loans into nonrecourse loans, the Secretary
22	shall obtain from each processor that receives a loan
23	under this section such assurances as the Secretary

considers adequate to ensure that the processor will

provide payments to producers that are proportional

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to the value of the loan received by the processor for sugar beets and sugarcane delivered by producers served by the processor. The Secretary may establish appropriate minimum payments for purposes of this paragraph.

(f) Marketing Assessment.—

- (1) SUGARCANE.—Effective for marketings of raw cane sugar during the 1996 through 2003 fiscal years, the first processor of sugarcane shall remit to the Commodity Credit Corporation a nonrefundable marketing assessment in an amount equal to—
 - (A) in the case of marketings during fiscal year 1996, 1.1 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of raw cane sugar, processed by the processor from domestically produced sugarcane or sugarcane molasses, that has been marketed (including the transfer or delivery of the sugar to a refinery for further processing or marketing); and
 - (B) in the case of marketings during each of fiscal years 1997 through 2003, 1.375 percent of the loan rate established under subsection (a) per pound of raw cane sugar, processed by the processor from domestically produced sugarcane or sugarcane molasses, that has been marketed

1	(including the transfer or delivery of the sugar
2	to a refinery for further processing or market-
3	ing).
4	(2) Sugar beets.—Effective for marketings of
5	beet sugar during the 1996 through 2003 fiscal years,
6	the first processor of sugar beets shall remit to the
7	Commodity Credit Corporation a nonrefundable mar-
8	keting assessment in an amount equal to—
9	(A) in the case of marketings during fiscal
10	year 1996, 1.1794 percent of the loan rate estab-
11	lished under subsection (a) per pound of beet
12	sugar, processed by the processor from domesti-
13	cally produced sugar beets or sugar beet molas-
14	ses, that has been marketed; and
15	(B) in the case of marketings during each
16	of fiscal years 1997 through 2003, 1.47425 per-
17	cent of the loan rate established under subsection
18	(a) per pound of beet sugar, processed by the
19	processor from domestically produced sugar beets
20	or sugar beet molasses, that has been marketed.
21	(3) Collection.—
22	(A) Timing.—A marketing assessment re-
23	quired under this subsection shall be collected on
24	a monthly basis and shall be remitted to the
25	Commodity Credit Corporation not later than 30

1	days after the end of each month. Any cane
2	sugar or beet sugar processed during a fiscal
3	year that has not been marketed by September
4	30 of the year shall be subject to assessment on
5	that date. The sugar shall not be subject to a sec-
6	ond assessment at the time that it is marketed.
7	(B) Manner.—Subject to subparagraph
8	(A), marketing assessments shall be collected
9	under this subsection in the manner prescribed
10	by the Secretary and shall be nonrefundable.
11	(4) Penalties.—If any person fails to remit the
12	assessment required by this subsection or fails to com-
13	ply with such requirements for recordkeeping or other-
14	wise as are required by the Secretary to carry out
15	this subsection, the person shall be liable to the Sec-
16	retary for a civil penalty up to an amount deter-
17	mined by multiplying—
18	(A) the quantity of cane sugar or beet sugar
19	involved in the violation; by
20	(B) the loan rate for the applicable crop of
21	sugarcane or sugar beets.
22	(5) Enforcement.—The Secretary may enforce
23	this subsection in a court of the United States.
24	(g) Forfeiture Penalty.—

- (1) In General.—A penalty shall be assessed on
 the forfeiture of any sugar pledged as collateral for a
 nonrecourse loan under this section.
 - (2) Cane sugar.—The penalty for cane sugar shall be 1 cent per pound.
 - (3) BEET SUGAR.—The penalty for beet sugar shall bear the same relation to the penalty for cane sugar as the marketing assessment for sugar beets bears to the marketing assessment for sugarcane.
 - (4) Effect of forfeiture.—Any payments owed producers by a processor that forfeits of any sugar pledged as collateral for a nonrecourse loan shall be reduced in proportion to the loan forfeiture penalty incurred by the processor.

(h) Information Reporting.—

- (1) Duty of processors and refiners to re-Port.—A sugarcane processor, cane sugar refiner, and sugar beet processor shall furnish the Secretary, on a monthly basis, such information as the Secretary may require to administer sugar programs, including the quantity of purchases of sugarcane, sugar beets, and sugar, and production, importation, distribution, and stock levels of sugar.
- (2) PENALTY.—Any person willfully failing or refusing to furnish the information, or furnishing

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1	willfully any false information, shall be subject to a
2	civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each such
3	violation.
4	(3) Monthly reports.—Taking into consider-
5	ation the information received under paragraph (1),
6	the Secretary shall publish on a monthly basis com-
7	posite data on production, imports, distribution, and
8	stock levels of sugar.
9	(i) Marketing Allotments.—Part VII of subtitle B
10	of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7
11	U.S.C. 1359aa et seq.) is repealed.
12	(j) Crops.—This section (other than subsection (i))
13	shall be effective only for the 1996 through 2002 crops of
14	sugar beets and sugarcane.
15	SEC. 108. ADMINISTRATION.
16	(a) Commodity Credit Corporation.—
17	(1) Use of corporation.—The Secretary shall
18	carry out this title through the Commodity Credit
19	Corporation.
20	(2) Prohibition on salaries and ex-
21	PENSES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
22	law, no funds of the Corporation shall be used for any
23	salary or expense of any officer or employee of the De-

 $partment\ of\ Agriculture.$

(b) Determinations by Secretary.—A determina-
tion made by the Secretary under this title or the Agricul-
tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.) shall
be final and conclusive.
(c) Regulations.—The Secretary may issue such reg-
ulations as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out
this title.
SEC. 109. ELIMINATION OF PERMANENT PRICE SUPPORT
AUTHORITY.
(a) AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1938.—The
Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is amended—
(1) in title III—
(A) in subtitle B—
(i) by striking parts II through V (7
U.S.C. 1326–1351); and
(ii) in part VI—
(I) by moving subsection (c) of
section 358d (7 U.S.C. 1358d(c)) to
appear after section 301(b)(17) (7)
$U.S.C.\ 1301(b)(17)),\ redesignating\ the$
subsection as paragraph (18), and
moving the margin of the paragraph 2
ems to the right; and

1	(II) by striking sections 358,
2	358a, and 358d (7 U.S.C. 1358, 1358a,
3	and 1359); and
4	(B) by striking subtitle D (7 U.S.C. 1379a-
5	1379j); and
6	(2) by striking title IV (7 U.S.C. 1401–1407).
7	(b) AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949.—
8	(1) Transfer of Certain Sections.—The Ag-
9	ricultural Act of 1949 is amended—
10	(A) by transferring sections 106, 106A, and
11	106B (7 U.S.C. 1445, 1445–1, 1445–2) to appear
12	after section 314A of the Agricultural Adjust-
13	ment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314-1) and redesig-
14	nating the transferred sections as sections 315,
15	315A, and 315B, respectively;
16	(B) by transferring section 111 (7 U.S.C.
17	1445f) to appear after section 304 of the Agricul-
18	tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1304)
19	and redesignating the transferred section as sec-
20	tion 305; and
21	(C) by transferring sections 404 and 416 (7
22	U.S.C. 1424 and 1431) to appear after section
23	390 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938
24	(7 U.S.C. 1390) and redesignating the trans-

1	ferred sections as sections 390A and 390B, re-
2	spectively.
3	(2) Repeal.—The Agricultural Act of 1949 (7
4	U.S.C. 1421 et seq.) (as amended by paragraph (1))
5	is repealed.
6	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
7	(1) Section 361 of the Agricultural Adjustment
8	Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1361) is amended by striking
9	", corn, wheat, cotton, peanuts, and rice, established".
10	(2) Section 371 of the Agricultural Adjustment
11	Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1371) is amended—
12	(A) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by
13	striking "cotton, rice, peanuts, or"; and
14	(B) in the first sentence of subsection (b), by
15	striking "cotton, rice, peanuts or".
16	SEC. 110. EFFECT OF AMENDMENTS.
17	(a) Effect on Prior Crops.—Except as otherwise
18	specifically provided and notwithstanding any other provi-
19	sion of law, this title and the amendments made by this
20	title shall not affect the authority of the Secretary to carry
21	out a price support or production adjustment program for
22	any of the 1991 through 1995 crops of an agricultural com-
23	modity established under a provision of law in effect imme-
24	diately before the date of the enactment of this Act.

- 1 (b) Liability.—A provision of this title or an amendment made by this title shall not affect the liability of any person under any provision of law as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act. TITLE II—DAIRY 5 Subtitle A—Milk Price Support and 6 Other Activities 7 8 SEC. 201. MILK PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM. 9 (a) Support Activities.—To replace the milk price support program established under section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446e), which is repealed by section 109(b)(2), the Secretary of Agriculture shall use the authority provided in this section to support the price of milk produced in the 48 contiguous States through the purchase of cheddar cheese produced from such milk. Until the first day of the first month beginning not less than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary also may support the price of milk under this section through the purchase of butter and nonfat dry milk produced from milk produced in the 48 contiguous States. 21 (b) RATE.—The price of milk shall be supported at the following rates per hundredweight for milk containing 3.67 23 percent butterfat: 24 (1) During calendar year 1996, not less than
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\$10.35.

(2) During calendar year 1997, not less than
\$10.25.
(3) During calendar year 1998, not less than
\$10.15.
(4) During calendar year 1999, not less than
\$10.05.
(5) During calendar year 2000, not less than
\$9.95.
(6) During calendar years 2001 and 2002, not
less than \$9.85.
(c) Bid Prices.—The Commodity Credit Corporation
support purchase prices under this section for cheddar
cheese (and for butter and nonfat dry milk subject to sub-
section (a)) announced by the Corporation shall be the same
for all of that milk product sold by persons offering to sell
the product to the Corporation. The purchase prices shall
be sufficient to enable plants of average efficiency to pay
producers, on average, a price not less than the rate of price
support for milk in effect during a 12-month period under
this section.
(d) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.—The
Secretary shall use the funds, facilities, and authorities of
the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section.
(e) Residual Authority for Refund of Budget

25 Deficit Assessments.—

- 1 (1) APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION.—This sub2 section shall apply with respect to the reductions
 3 made under subsection (h)(2) of section 204 of the Ag4 ricultural Act of 1949, as in effect on the day before
 5 the date of the enactment of this Act, in the price of
 6 milk received by producers during calendar years
 7 1995 and 1996.
- 8 (2) Refund Required.—The Secretary shall 9 provide a refund of the entire reduction made under 10 such subsection (h)(2) in the price of milk received by 11 a producer during a calendar year referred to in 12 paragraph (1) if the producer provides evidence that 13 the producer did not increase marketings in that cal-14 endar year when compared to the preceding calendar 15 year.
 - (3) TREATMENT OF REFUNDS.—A refund under this subsection shall not be considered as any type of price support or payment for purposes of sections 1211 and 1221 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811, 3821).
- 21 (g) Transfer of Milk Products to Military and 22 Veterans Hospitals.—
- 23 (1) Transfer authorized.—As a means of in-24 creasing the utilization of milk and milk products, 25 upon the certification by the Secretary of Veterans Af-

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1	fairs or by the Secretary of the Army, acting for the
2	military departments under the Single Service Pur-
3	chase Assignment for Subsistence of the Department
4	of Defense, that the usual quantities of milk products
5	have been purchased in the normal channels of trade,
6	the Commodity Credit Corporation shall make avail-
7	able—
8	(A) to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs at
9	warehouses where milk products are stored, such
10	milk products acquired under this section as the
11	Secretary of Veterans Affairs certifies are re-
12	quired in order to provide milk products as a
13	part of the ration in hospitals under the jurisdic-
14	tion of the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; and
15	(B) to the Secretary of the Army, at ware-
16	houses where milk products are stored, such milk
17	products acquired under this section as the Sec-
18	retary of the Army certifies can be utilized in
19	order to provide additional milk products as a
20	part of the ration—
21	(i) of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or
22	$Coast\ Guard;$
23	(ii) in hospitals under the jurisdiction
24	of the Department of Defense; and

- (iii) of cadets and midshipmen at, and
 other personnel assigned to, the United
 States Merchant Marine Academy.
 (2) REPORTS.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs
 - (2) REPORTS.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of the Army shall report every six months to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of Agriculture the amount of milk products used under this subsection.
 - (3) PROCESS.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of the Army shall reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for all costs associated in making milk products available under this subsection.
- 16 (4) LIMITATION.—The obligation of the Commod17 ity Credit Corporation to make milk products avail18 able pursuant to this subsection shall be limited to
 19 milk products acquired by the Corporation under this
 20 section and not disposed of under provisions (1) and
 21 (2) of section 390B(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment
 22 Act of 1938.
- 23 (h) Period of Effectiveness.—Notwithstanding 24 any other provision of law, this section shall be effective 25 only during the period—

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1	(1) beginning on the date of the enactment of
2	this Act; and
3	(2) ending on December 31, 2002.
4	SEC. 202. RECOURSE LOANS FOR COMMERCIAL PROC-
5	ESSORS OF DAIRY PRODUCTS.
6	(a) Recourse Loans Available.—The Secretary of
7	Agriculture shall make recourse loans available to commer-
8	cial processors of eligible dairy products to assist such proc-
9	essors to manage inventories of eligible dairy products to
10	assure a greater degree of price stability for the dairy indus-
11	try during the year. Recourse loans may be made available
12	under such reasonable terms and conditions as the Sec-
13	retary may prescribe. The Secretary shall use the funds, fa-
14	cilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corpora-
15	tion to carry out this section.
16	(b) Amount of Loan.—The Secretary shall establish
17	the amount of a loan for eligible dairy products, which shall
18	reflect 90 percent of the reference price for that product.
19	The rate of interest charged participants in this program
20	shall not be less than the rate of interest charged the Com-
21	modity Credit Corporation by the United States Treasury.
22	(c) Period of Loans.—A recourse loan made under
23	this section may not extend beyond the end of the fiscal year
24	during which the loan is made, except that the Secretary

1	may extend the loan for an additional period not to exceed
2	the end of the next fiscal year.
3	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) The term "eligible dairy products" means
5	cheddar cheese, butter, and nonfat dry milk.
6	(2) The term "reference price" means—
7	(A) for cheddar cheese, the average National
8	(Green Bay) Cheese Exchange price for 40 pound
9	blocks of cheddar cheese for the previous three
10	months;
11	(B) for butter, the average Chicago Mer-
12	cantile Exchange price for Grade AA butter for
13	the previous three months; and
14	(C) for nonfat dry milk, the average West-
15	ern States Extra Grade and Grade A price for
16	nonfat dry milk for the previous three months.
17	SEC. 203. DAIRY EXPORT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.
18	(a) Duration.—Subsection (a) of section 153 of the
19	Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a–14) is amended
20	by striking "2001" and inserting "2002".
21	(b) Elements of Program.—Subsection (c) of such
22	section is amended—
23	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
24	(1);

1	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
2	graph (2) and inserting "; and"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
4	graphs:
5	"(3) the maximum volume of dairy product ex-
6	ports allowable consistent with the obligations of the
7	United States as a member of the World Trade Orga-
8	nization are exported under the program each year
9	(minus the volume sold under section 1163 of this Act
10	(7 U.S.C. 1731 note) during that year), except to the
11	extent that the export of such a volume under the pro-
12	gram would, in the judgment of the Secretary, exceed
13	the limitations on the value set forth in subsection (f);
14	and
15	"(4) payments may be made under the program
16	for exports to any destination in the world for the
17	purpose of market development, except a destination
18	in a country with respect to which shipments from
19	the United States are otherwise restricted by law.".
20	(c) Sole Discretion.—Subsection (b) of such section
21	is amended by inserting "sole" before "discretion".
22	(d) Market Development.—Subsection (e)(1) of
23	such section is amended—
24	(1) by striking "and" and inserting "the"; and

- 1 (2) by inserting before the period the following:
- 2 ", and any additional amount that may be required
- 3 to assist in the development of world markets for
- 4 United States dairy products".
- 5 (e) Maximum Allowable Amounts.—Such section is
- 6 further amended by adding at the end the following:
- 7 "(f) Required Funding.—The Commodity Credit
- 8 Corporation shall in each year use money and commodities
- 9 for the program under this section in the maximum amount
- 10 consistent with the obligations of the United States as a
- 11 member of the World Trade Organization, minus the
- 12 amount expended under section 1163 of this Act (7 U.S.C.
- 13 1731 note) during that year. However, the Commodity
- 14 Credit Corporation may not exceed the limitations specified
- 15 in subsection (c)(3) on the volume of allowable dairy prod-
- 16 uct exports.".

17 SEC. 204. DAIRY PROMOTION PROGRAM.

- 18 (a) Expansion To Cover Dairy Products Im-
- 19 PORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES.—Section 110(b) of the
- 20 Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C.
- 21 4501(b)) is amended by inserting after "commercial use"
- 22 the following: "and dairy products imported into the Unit-
- 23 ed States".
- 24 (b) Definitions.—

1	(1) Milk.—Subsection (d) of section 111 of such
2	Act (7 U.S.C. 4502) is amended by inserting before
3	the semicolon the following: "or cow's milk imported
4	into the United States in the form of dairy products
5	intended for consumption in the United States".
6	(2) Dairy products.—Subsection (e) of such
7	section is amended by inserting before the semicolon
8	the following: "and casein (except casein imported
9	under sections 3501.90.20 (casein glue) and
10	3501.90.50 (other) of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
11	ule)".
12	(3) Research.—Subsection (j) of such section is
13	amended by inserting before the semicolon the follow-
14	ing: "or to reduce the costs associated with processing
15	or marketing those products".
16	(4) United States.—Subsection (1) of such sec-
17	tion is amended to read as follows:
18	"(1) the term 'United States' means the several
19	States and the District of Columbia;".
20	(5) Importers and exporters.—Such section
21	is further amended—
22	(A) in subsection (k), by striking "and" at
23	the end of such subsection; and
24	(B) by adding at the end the following new
25	subsections:

1	"(m) the term 'importer' means the first person
2	to take title to dairy products imported into the
3	United States for domestic consumption; and
4	"(n) the term 'exporter' means any person who
5	exports dairy products from the United States.".
6	(c) Membership of Board.—Section 113(b) of such
7	Act (7 U.S.C. 4504(b)) is amended—
8	(1) in the first sentence, by striking "thirty-six
9	members" and inserting "38 members, including one
10	representative of importers and one representative of
11	exporters to be appointed by the Secretary";
12	(2) in the second sentence, by striking "Mem-
13	bers" and inserting "The remaining members"; and
14	(3) in the third sentence, by striking "United
15	States" and inserting "United States, including Alas-
16	ka and Hawaii".
17	(d) Assessment.—Section 113(g) of such Act (7
18	$U.S.C.\ 4504(g))$ is amended—
19	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(g)"; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
21	"(2) The order shall provide that each importer of
22	dairy products intended for consumption in the United
23	States shall remit to the Board, in the manner prescribed
24	by the order, an assessment equal to 1.2 cents per pound
25	of total milk solids contained in the imported dairy prod-

- 1 ucts, or 15 cents per hundredweight of milk contained in
- 2 the imported dairy products, whichever is less. If an im-
- 3 porter can establish that it is participating in active, ongo-
- 4 ing qualified State or regional dairy product promotion or
- 5 nutrition programs intended to increase the consumption
- 6 of milk and dairy products, the importer shall receive credit
- 7 in determining the assessment due from that importer for
- 8 contributions to such programs of up to .8 cents per pound
- 9 of total milk solids contained in the imported dairy prod-
- 10 ucts, or 10 cents per hundredweight of milk contained in
- 11 the imported dairy products, whichever is less. The assess-
- 12 ment collected under this paragraph shall be used for the
- 13 purpose specified in paragraph (1).".
- 14 (e) Records.—Section 113(k) of such Act (7 U.S.C.
- 15 4504(k)) is amended in the first sentence by inserting after
- 16 "commercial use," the following: "each importer of dairy
- 17 products,".
- 18 (f) Termination or Suspension of Order.—Sec-
- 19 tion 116(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 4507(b)) is amended—
- 20 (1) by inserting "and importers" after "produc-
- 21 ers" each place it appears;
- 22 (2) by striking "who, during a representative pe-
- 23 riod (as determined by the Secretary), have been en-
- 24 gaged in the production of milk for commercial use";
- 25 *and*

1 (3) by adding at the end the following new sen-2 tences: "A producer shall be eligible to vote in the ref-3 erendum if the producer, during a representative period (as determined by the Secretary), has been en-5 gaged in the production of milk for commercial use. 6 An importer shall be eligible to vote in the referendum if the importer, during a representative period (as de-7 8 termined by the Secretary), has been engaged in the 9 importation of dairy products into the United States 10 intended for consumption in the United States.". 11 (g) Promotion in International Markets.—Section 113(e) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 4504(e)) is amended by 12 adding at the end the following new sentence: "For each 13 of the fiscal years 1996 through 2000, the Board's budget 14 15 shall provide for the expenditure of not less than 10 percent of the anticipated revenues available to the Board to develop 16 international markets for, and to promote within such mar-18 kets, the consumption of dairy products produced in the 19 United States from milk produced in the United States.". 20 (h) Implementation of Amendments.— 21 (1) Implementation process.—To implement 22 the amendments made by this section, the Secretary 23 of Agriculture shall issue an amended dairy products 24 promotion and research order under section 112 of the 25 Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C.

- 1 4503) reflecting such amendments, and no other 2 changes, in the order in existence on the date of the 3 enactment of this Act.
 - (2) Proposal of amended order.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish a proposed dairy products promotion and research order reflecting the amendments made by this section. The Secretary shall provide notice and an opportunity for public comment on the proposed order.
 - (3) Issuance of amended order.—After notice and opportunity for public comment are provided in accordance with paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue a final dairy products promotion and research order, taking into consideration the comments received and including in the order such provisions as are necessary to ensure that the order is in conformity with the amendments made by this section.
 - (4) Effective date.—The final dairy products promotion and research order shall be issued and become effective not later than 120 days after publication of the proposed order.
- 23 (i) Referendum on Amendments.—Not later than 24 36 months after the issuance of the dairy products pro-25 motion and research order reflecting the amendments made

- 1 by this section, the Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct
- 2 a referendum under section 115 of the Dairy Production
- 3 Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4506) for the sole pur-
- 4 pose of determining whether the requirements of such
- 5 amendments shall be continued. The Secretary shall conduct
- 6 the referendum among persons who have been producers or
- 7 importers (as defined in section 111 of such Act (7 U.S.C.
- 8 4502)) during a representative period as determined by the
- 9 Secretary. The requirements of such amendments shall be
- 10 continued only if the Secretary determines that such re-
- 11 quirements have been approved by not less than a majority
- 12 of the persons voting in the referendum. If continuation of
- 13 the amendments is not approved, the Secretary shall issue
- 14 a new order, within six months after the announcement of
- 15 the results of the referendum, that is identical to the order
- 16 in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. The new
- 17 order shall become effective upon issuance and shall not be
- 18 subject to referendum for approval.
- 19 SEC. 205. FLUID MILK STANDARDS UNDER MILK MARKET-
- 20 **ING ORDERS.**
- 21 (a) Nature of Standards.—Each marketing order
- 22 issued with respect to milk and its products under section
- 23 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reen-
- 24 acted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing
- 25 Agreement Act of 1937, shall contain terms and conditions

- 1 to provide that all dispositions of fluid milk products con-
- 2 taining milk of the highest use classification covered by such
- 3 orders shall comply with the following requirements:
- 4 (1) In the case of milk marketed as whole milk,
 5 not less than 12.05 percent total milk solids consisting
 6 of not less than 8.8 percent milk solids not fat and
 7 not less than 3.25 percent milk fat.
 - (2) In the case of milk marketed as 2 percent (or lowfat) milk, not less than 12 percent total milk solids consisting of not less than 10 percent milk solids not fat and not less than 2 percent milk fat.
- 12 (3) In the case of milk marketed as 1 percent (or 13 light) milk, not less than 12 percent total milk solids 14 consisting of not less than 11 percent milk solids not 15 fat and not less than 1 percent milk fat.
- 16 (4) In the case of milk marketed as skim (or 17 nonfat) milk, not less than 9 percent total milk solids 18 consisting of not less than 9 percent milk solids not 19 fat and not more than .25 percent milk fat.
- 20 (b) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of the requirements spec-21 ified in subsection (a) shall be subject to the penalties pro-22 vided in section 8c(14) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act 23 (7 U.S.C. 608c(14)), reenacted with amendments by the Ag-
- 24 ricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.

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1	(c) Effective Date.—The requirements imposed by
2	this section shall apply to fluid milk marketed on and after
3	the first day of the first month beginning not less than 30
4	days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
5	SEC. 206. MANUFACTURING ALLOWANCE.
6	(a) Maximum Allowances Established.—No State
7	shall provide for a manufacturing allowance for the process-
8	ing of milk in excess of—
9	(1) in the case of milk manufactured into butter,
10	butter oil, nonfat dry milk, or whole dry milk—
11	(A) \$1.65 per hundredweight of milk, for
12	milk marketed during the 2-year period begin-
13	ning on the effective date of this section; and
14	(B) such allowance per hundredweight of
15	milk as the Secretary of Agriculture may estab-
16	lish under section 221(b)(3), for milk marketed
17	after the end of such period; and
18	(2) in the case of milk manufactured into cheese
19	and whey—
20	(A) \$1.80 per hundredweight of milk, for
21	milk marketed during the 2-year period begin-
22	ning on the effective date of this section; and
23	(B) such allowance per hundredweight of
24	milk as the Secretary may establish under sec-

1	tion 221(b)(3), for milk marketed after the end
2	of such period.
3	(b) Yields.—In converting the weight of milk to dairy
4	products during the two-year period beginning on the effec-
5	tive date of this section, the Secretary shall use the following
6	yields with respect to a hundred pounds of milk:
7	(1) Butter: 4.2 pounds.
8	(2) Nonfat dry milk: 8.613 pounds.
9	(3) 40 pound block cheddar cheese: 10.169
10	pounds.
11	(4) Whey cream butter: .27 pounds.
12	(c) Sources of Product Price Values.—In deter-
13	mining the manufacturing allowance applicable in a State
14	during the 2-year period beginning on the effective date of
15	this section, the Secretary shall use the following sources
16	for product price values:
17	(1) For butter, Chicago Mercantile Exchange
18	Grade AA butter.
19	(2) For nonfat dry milk, California Manufactur-
20	ing Plants Extra Grade and Grade A nonfat dry
21	milk.
22	(3) For cheese, National (Green Bay) Cheese Ex-
23	change 40 pound block cheddar cheese.
24	(4) For whey cream butter, Chicago Mercantile
25	Exchange Grade B butter.

1	(d) Manufacturing Allowance Defined.—In this
2	section, the term "manufacturing allowance" means—
3	(1) the amount by which the product price value
4	of butter and nonfat dry milk manufactured from a
5	hundred pounds of milk containing 3.5 pounds of
6	milk fat and 8.7 pounds of milk solids not fat exceeds
7	the class price for the milk used to produce those
8	products; or
9	(2) an amount by which the product price value
10	of cheese and whey manufactured from a hundred
11	pounds of milk containing 3.6 pounds of milk fat and
12	8.7 pounds of milk solids not fat exceeds the class
13	price for the milk used to produce those products.
14	(e) Effect of Violation.—If the Secretary deter-
15	mines that a State has in effect a manufacturing allowance
16	that exceeds the manufacturing allowance authorized in
17	subsection (a), the Secretary shall suspend, until such time
18	as the State complies with such subsection—
19	(1) purchases under section 201 of cheddar cheese
20	produced in that State; and
21	(2) disbursements from the Class IV equalization
22	pool under section 208 to milk marketing orders oper-
23	ating in that State with respect to milk produced in
24	that State.
25	(f) Conforming Suspension and Repeal.—

- 1 (1) SUSPENSION AND REPEAL.—During the 22 year period beginning on the effective date of this sec3 tion, the requirements of section 102 of the Food, Ag4 riculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (75 U.S.C. 1446e-1) shall not apply. Effective on the first
 6 day after the end of such period, such section is re7 pealed.
- 8 (2)Exception.—Notwithstanding paragraph 9 (1), in the event that an injunction or other order of 10 a court prohibits or impairs the implementation of 11 this section or the activities of the Secretary under 12 this section, the Secretary shall use the authorities provided by section 102 of the Food, Agriculture, Con-13 14 servation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 1446e-1) 15 until such time as the injunction or other court order 16 is lifted.
- 17 (g) EFFECTIVE DATE; IMPLEMENTATION.—This sec-18 tion shall take effect on the first day of the first month be-19 ginning not less than 30 days after the date of the enact-20 ment of this Act. After such effective date, the Secretary may 21 exercise the authority provided to the Secretary under this 22 section without regard to the issuance of regulations in-23 tended to carry out this section.

1	SEC. 207. ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY CLASS I PRICE
2	AND TEMPORARY CLASS I EQUALIZATION
3	POOLS.
4	(a) Temporary Pricing for Milk of the Highest
5	Use Classification (Class I Milk).—
6	(1) Establishment of minimum price.—Dur-
7	ing the 2-year period beginning on the effective date
8	of this section, the minimum price for milk of the
9	highest use classification marketed under a marketing
10	order issued under section 8c of the Agricultural Ad-
11	justment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amend-
12	ments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act
13	of 1937, shall not be less than the sum of—
14	(A) \$12.87 per hundredweight; and
15	(B) the aggregate adjustment in effect under
16	clauses (1) and (2) of the second sentence of
17	paragraph (5)(A) of such section on December
18	31, 1995, for milk of the highest use classifica-
19	tion in that order.
20	(2) Addition to minimum price.—If the basic
21	formula price for milk exceeds \$12.87 per hundred-
22	weight in any month during the 2-year period begin-
23	ning on the effective date of this section, the positive
24	difference between the basic formula price and \$12.87
25	shall be added to the price for milk of the highest use
26	classification marketed under a marketing order is-

1	sued under such section 8c in the second month fol-
2	lowing the month in which the difference occurred.
3	(3) Effect on other use classifications.—
4	This subsection shall not affect the calculation of the
5	basic formula price used to determine the price for
6	milk of use classifications other than the highest use
7	classification.
8	(b) Class I Equalization Pools.—
9	(1) Collections.—During the 2-year period be-
10	ginning on the effective date of this section, the Sec-
11	retary of Agriculture shall collect, on a monthly basis,
12	from each marketing order issued with respect to milk
13	and its products under section 8c of the Agricultural
14	Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with
15	amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agree-
16	ment Act of 1937, and from the comparable milk
17	marketing order issued by the State of California, an
18	amount equal to the product of—
19	(A) \$0.80 per hundredweight; and
20	(B) the total hundredweights of all milk of
21	the highest use classification marketed under the
22	order for the month.
23	(2) Disbursements.—The Secretary shall pay,
24	on a monthly basis, to each marketing order referred

1	to in paragraph (1) an amount equal to the product
2	of—
3	(A) the total collection under paragraph (1)
4	for the month; and
5	(B) the ratio of the total hundredweights of
6	all milk marketed for the month under that order
7	to all milk marketed for the month under all
8	such orders.
9	(3) Effect on blend prices.—Producer blend
10	prices under a milk marketing order shall be adjusted
11	to account for collections made under paragraph (1)
12	and disbursements made under paragraph (2).
13	(c) Enforcement.—
14	(1) In general.—Amounts for which a milk
15	marketing order are responsible under subsection (b)
16	shall be determined on a monthly basis and shall be
17	collected and remitted to the Secretary in the manner
18	prescribed by the Secretary.
19	(2) Penalties.—If any person fails to remit the
20	amount required in subsection (b) or fails to comply
21	with such requirements for recordkeeping or otherwise
22	as are required by the Secretary to carry out this sec-
23	tion, the person shall be liable to the Secretary for a
24	civil penalty up to an amount determined by mul-
25	tipluina—

1	(A) the quantity of milk involved in the vio-
2	lation; by
3	(B) the support rate for milk in effect at the
4	time of the violation under section 201.
5	(3) Enforcement.—The Secretary may enforce
6	this section in the courts of the United States.
7	(d) Conforming Repeal.—Section $8c(5)(A)$ of the
8	Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)(A)), reen-
9	acted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing
10	Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by striking out the sen-
11	tence beginning "Throughout the 2-year period" and all
12	that follows through the end of the subparagraph.
13	(e) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
14	section (f), this section shall take effect on the first day of
15	the first month beginning not less than 30 days after the
16	date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(f) Implementation.—Not later than the effective
18	date of this section, the Secretary shall amend Federal milk
19	marketing orders issued under section 8c of the Agricultural
20	Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amend-
21	ments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of
22	1937, to effectuate the requirements of this section. The
23	amendments shall not be—
24	(1) subject to a referendum under subsection (17)
25	or (19) of such section among milk producers to deter-

1	mine whether issuance of such order is approved or
2	favored by milk producers;
3	(2) preconditioned on the existence of a market-
4	ing agreement among handlers under subsection (8) of
5	such section and section 8b of such Act (7 U.S.C.
6	608b);
7	(3) subject to rulemaking under title 5, United
8	States Code; or
9	(4) subject to review or approval by other execu-
10	tive agencies.
11	SEC. 208. ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY CLASS IV PRICE
12	AND TEMPORARY CLASS IV EQUALIZATION
13	POOL.
14	(a) Temporary Classification of Class IV
15	MILK.—
16	(1) Classification.—For purposes of
17	classifying milk in accordance with the form in which
18	or the purpose for which it is used, the Secretary of
19	Agriculture shall designate all milk marketed in the
20	48 contiguous States of the United States and used to
21	produce butter, butter oil, nonfat dry milk, or dry
22	whole milk as Class IV milk. The Secretary may in-
23	clude other products of milk, except cheese, within the
	evidence of many energy energy vertical inc

- that inclusion of the product would be fair and equitable.
- 3 (2) Use of classification.—Each marketing order issued with respect to milk and its products 5 under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act 6 (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, and 7 8 each comparable State milk marketing order, shall 9 use the classification required by paragraph (1) in 10 lieu of any other classification, such as Class III-A 11 milk, to properly classify milk used to produce butter, 12 butter oil, nonfat dry milk, or dry whole milk.
- 13 (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF CLASS IV POOL.—The Sec-14 retary shall establish a Class IV pool for the purpose of 15 making collections and disbursements related to milk classi-16 fied as Class IV milk under subsection (a). The Class IV 17 pool shall apply to milk covered by a milk marketing order 18 referred to in subsection (a) and unregulated milk.
- 19 (c) Establishment of Monthly Class IV Price.—
 20 For the purpose of determining whether the Secretary will
 21 make collections and disbursements under the Class IV
 22 equalization pool, the Secretary shall establish, on a month23 ly basis, a price for dairy products manufactured from
 24 Class IV milk on a 3.5 percent butterfat basis. In determin-

1	ing that price, the Secretary shall calculate the amount
2	equal to—
3	(1) the sum of—
4	(A) the product of the Western States Extra
5	Grade and Grade A price per pound for nonfat
6	dry milk and 8.613; and
7	(B) the product of the Chicago Mercantile
8	Exchange Grade AA price per pound for butter
9	and 4.2; less
10	(2) a manufacturing allowance equal to \$1.65
11	per hundredweight of milk.
12	(d) Operation of Class IV Equalization Pool.—
13	(1) Application of subsection.—This sub-
14	section shall apply in any month in which the sup-
15	port price for milk under section 201, adjusted to 3.5
16	percent butterfat, exceeds the Class IV price estab-
17	lished under subsection (c).
18	(2) Collection.—In any month in which the
19	Class IV equalization pool is in operation under
20	paragraph (1), each milk marketing order referred to
21	in subsection (a) and each handler of unregulated
22	milk shall pay into the Class IV equalization pool an
23	amount equal to the product of—
24	(A) the total hundredweights of Class IV
25	milk used to manufacture dairy products during

1	that month under all such orders and by all such
2	handlers;
3	(B) 50 percent of the amount by which the
4	support price for milk under section 201, ad-
5	justed to 3.5 percent butterfat, exceeded the Class
6	IV price determined under subsection (c) for that
7	month; and
8	(C) the ratio of the total hundredweights of
9	all milk marketed during that month under that
10	order or by that handler to the total
11	hundredweights of all milk marketed for that
12	month under all such orders and by all such
13	handlers.
14	(3) Disbursements.—In any month in which
15	the Class IV equalization pool is in operation under
16	paragraph (1), each milk marketing order referred to
17	in subsection (a) in which products were manufac-
18	tured from Class IV milk during that month and each
19	handler of unregulated milk that manufactured prod-
20	ucts from Class IV milk during that month shall re-
21	ceive from the Class IV equalization pool an amount
22	equal to the product of—
23	(A) the total collection under paragraph (2)
24	for the month; and

- 1 (B) the ratio of the total hundredweights of
 2 Class IV milk manufactured into dairy products
 3 during that month under that order or by that
 4 handler to the total hundredweights of Class IV
 5 milk manufactured into dairy products during
 6 that month under all such orders and by all such
 7 handlers.
 - (4) Effect on blend prices.—Producer blend prices under a milk marketing order referred to in subsection (a) shall be adjusted to account for collections under paragraph (2) and disbursements under paragraph (3).

(e) Enforcement.—

- (1) In General.—Amounts for which a milk marketing order or handler are responsible under subsection (b) shall be determined on a monthly basis and shall be collected and remitted to the Secretary in the manner prescribed by the Secretary.
- (2) PENALTIES.—If any person fails to remit the amount required in subsection (c) or fails to comply with such requirements for recordkeeping or otherwise as are required by the Secretary to carry out this section, the person shall be liable to the Secretary for a civil penalty up to an amount determined by multiplying—

1	(A) the quantity of milk involved in the vio-
2	lation; by
3	(B) the support rate for milk in effect at the
4	time of the violation under section 201.
5	(3) Enforcement.—The Secretary may enforce
6	this section in the courts of the United States.
7	(f) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
8	section (g), this section shall—
9	(1) take effect on the first day of the first month
10	beginning not less than 30 days after the date of the
11	enactment of this Act; and
12	(2) apply during the 2-year period beginning on
13	such effective date.
14	(g) Implementation.—Not later than the start of the
15	effective date of this section, the Secretary shall amend Fed-
16	eral milk marketing orders issued under section 8c of the
17	Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted
18	with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement
19	Act of 1937, to effectuate the requirements of this section.
20	The amendments shall not be—
21	(1) subject to referendum under subsection (17)
22	or (19) of such section among milk producers to deter-
23	mine whether issuance of such order is approved or
24	favored by milk producers;

1	(2) preconditioned on the existence of a market-
2	ing agreement among handlers under subsection (8) of
3	such section and section 8b of such Act (7 U.S.C.
4	608b);
5	(3) subject to rulemaking under title 5, United
6	States Code; or
7	(4) subject to review or approval by other execu-
8	tive agencies.
9	SEC. 209. AUTHORITY FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDBY
10	POOLS.
11	(a) Authority To Establish.—As soon as possible
12	after the effective date of this section, the Secretary of Agri-
13	culture shall publish in the Federal Register an invitation
14	for interested persons to submit proposals for the establish-
15	ment within Federal milk marketing orders issued under
16	section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C.
17	608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Mar-
18	keting Agreement Act of 1937, of standby pools to facilitate
19	the movement of milk over long distances during periods
20	of shortage through the sharing of proceeds from sales of
21	milk of the highest use classification due to producers under
22	the order with producers shipping to plants regulated by
23	another order to provide a reserve supply of milk in the
24	other market.

1	(b) Approval or Termination of Participation in
2	Standby Pool.—Order provisions under this section shall
3	not become effective in any marketing order unless such pro-
4	visions are approved by producers in the manner provided
5	for the approval of marketing orders under section 8c of
6	the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted
7	with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement
8	Act of 1937, but separately from other order provisions.
9	Standby pool provisions approved under this section in an
10	order may be disapproved separately by producers or termi-
11	nated separately by the Secretary under section 8c(16)(B)
12	of such Act. Such disapproval or termination shall not be
13	considered to be a disapproval or termination of the other
14	terms of that order.
15	(c) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
16	on the first day of the first month beginning not less than
17	30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
18	Subtitle B—Reform of Federal Milk
19	Marketing Orders
20	SEC. 221. ISSUANCE OR AMENDMENT OF FEDERAL MILK
21	MARKETING ORDERS TO IMPLEMENT CER-
22	TAIN REFORMS.
23	(a) Issuance of Amended Orders.—Subject to the
24	time limits specified in section 222, the Secretary of Agri-
25	culture shall issue new or amended marketing orders with

- 1 respect to milk and its products under section 8c of the Ag-
- 2 ricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with
- 3 amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act
- 4 of 1937, to effectuate the requirements of subsection (b). The
- 5 orders shall take effect on the date the orders are issued and
- 6 shall supersede all other marketing orders and any other
- 7 statutes, rules, and regulations that are applicable to the
- 8 pricing and marketing of milk and its products in effect
- 9 immediately before that date, whether under the authority
- 10 of section 8c of such Act or a State or local law.
- 11 (b) Reform Requirements.—The Secretary shall re-
- 12 form the Federal milk marketing order system under sub-
- 13 section (a) to accomplish the following purposes:
- 14 (1) Consolidation of Federal milk marketing or-
- ders into not less than 8 nor more than 13 orders,
- which shall also include those areas of the 48 contig-
- 17 uous States not covered by a Federal milk marketing
- order on the date of the enactment of this Act. One
- of the new Federal milk marketing orders shall only
- 20 cover the State of California. A new or amended order
- shall have the right to blend order receipts to address
- 22 unique issues to that order such as a preexisting State
- 23 quota system.

1	(2) Implementation of uniform multiple compo-
2	nent pricing for milk used in manufactured dairy
3	products.
4	(3) Establishment of class prices for milk used to
5	produce cheese, nonfat dry milk, and butter based or
6	national product prices, less a manufacturing allow-
7	ance. The resulting prices shall not vary regionally
8	except to reflect variances in transportation and rea
9	sonable operating costs, if any, of efficient processing
10	plants in different geographical areas.
11	(c) Status of Producer Handlers.—In amending
12	Federal milk marketing orders under this section, the Sec
13	retary shall ensure that the legal status of producer handlers
14	of milk under the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C
15	601 et seq.), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultura
16	Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, shall be the same after
17	the amendments made by this section take effect as it was
18	before the effective date of the amendments.
19	SEC. 222. REFORM PROCESS.
20	(a) Process.—In preparation for the issuance of the
21	new or amended Federal milk marketing orders required
22	under section 221, the Secretary of Agriculture shall comply
23	with the following expedited procedural requirements:

(1) Not later than 165 days after the date of the

enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue pro-

24

- posed amendments or new milk marketing orders to effectuate the reform requirements specified in such section.
- 4 (2) The Secretary shall provide for a 75-day 5 comment period on the proposed amendments or or-6 ders issued under paragraph (1).
- 7 (3) Not later than 120 days after the end of the 8 comment period provided under paragraph (2), the 9 Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register a final 10 administrative decision regarding the issuance or 11 amendment of Federal milk marketing orders to effec-12 tuate the reform requirements specified in such sec-13 tion.
- 14 (b) REFERENDUM AND MARKETING AGREEMENT.—
 15 After the issuance of the new or amended Federal milk mar16 keting orders under section 221, the Secretary may conduct
 17 a referendum in the manner provided in section 8c(16)(B)
 18 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(16)(B)),
 19 reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing
- 20 Agreement Act of 1937, with respect to each order to deter-
- 21 mine whether milk producers subject to the order favor the
- 22 termination of the order.
- 23 (c) Application of Administrative Procedures
- 24 Act.—The issuance of the new or amended Federal milk

- 1 marketing orders required under section 221 shall not be
- 2 subject to rulemaking under title 5, United States Code.
- 3 (d) Review and Approval.—The action of the Sec-
- 4 retary under section 221 shall not be subject to review or
- 5 approval by any other executive agency.
- 6 SEC. 223. EFFECT OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH REFORM
- 7 **PROCESS REQUIREMENTS.**
- 8 (a) Failure To Timely Issue or Amend Orders.—
- 9 If, before the end of the 1-year period beginning on the date
- 10 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture
- 11 does not issue new or amended Federal milk marketing or-
- 12 ders under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act
- 13 (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricul-
- 14 tural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, to effectuate the
- 15 requirements of section 221(b), then the Secretary may not
- 16 assess or collect assessments from milk producers or han-
- 17 dlers under such section 8c for marketing order administra-
- 18 tion and services provided under such section after the end
- 19 of that period. The Secretary may not reduce the level of
- 20 services provided under such section on account of the pro-
- 21 hibition against assessments, but shall rather cover the cost
- 22 of marketing order administration and services through
- 23 funds available for the Agricultural Marketing Service of
- 24 the Department of Agriculture.

1	(b) Failure To Timely Implement Orders.—Un-
2	less the Secretary certifies to Congress before the end of the
3	2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this
4	Act that all of the Federal marketing order reforms required
5	by section 221(b) have been fully implemented, then, effec-
6	tive at the end of that period—
7	(1) the Secretary shall immediately cease all
8	price support activities under section 201;
9	(2) the Secretary shall immediately terminate all
10	Federal milk marketing orders under section 8c of the
11	Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reen-
12	acted with amendments by the Agricultural Market-
13	ing Agreement Act of 1937, and may not issue any
14	further order under such Act with respect to milk;
15	(3) the Commodity Credit Corporation shall im-
16	mediately cease to operate the dairy export incentive
17	program under section 153 of the Food Security Act
18	of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a–14);
19	(4) the Secretary and the National Processor Ad-
20	vertising and Promotion Board shall immediately
21	cease all activities under the Fluid Milk Promotion
22	Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6401 et seq.); and
23	(5) the Secretary and the National Dairy Pro-
24	motion and Research Board shall immediately cease

- 1 all activities under the Dairy Production Stabiliza-
- 2 tion Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.).
- 3 (c) Effect of Court Order.—The actions author-
- 4 ized by this section are intended to ensure the timely publi-
- 5 cation and implementation of new and amended Federal
- 6 milk marketing orders under section 8c of the Agricultural
- 7 Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amend-
- 8 ments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of
- 9 1937. In the event that the Secretary is enjoined or other-
- 10 wise restrained by a court order from publishing or imple-
- 11 menting the reform requirements specified by section 221,
- 12 the length of time for which that injunction or other re-
- 13 straining order is effective shall be added to the time limita-
- 14 tions specified in subsections (a) and (b) thereby extending
- 15 those time limitations by a period of time equal to the pe-
- 16 riod of time for which the injunction or other restraining
- 17 order is effective.

18 TITLE III—CONSERVATION

- 19 SEC. 301. CONSERVATION.
- 20 (a) Funding.—Subtitle E of title XII of the Food Se-
- 21 curity Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841 et seq.) is amended to
- 22 read as follows:

1 "Subtitle E—Funding

2	"SEC. 1241. FUNDING.
3	"(a) Mandatory Expenses.—For each of fiscal years
4	1996 through 2002, the Secretary shall use the funds of the
5	Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out the programs
6	authorized by—
7	"(1) subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D (in-
8	cluding contracts extended by the Secretary pursuant
9	to section 1437 of the Food, Agriculture, Conserva-
10	tion, and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-624; 16
11	$U.S.C.\ 3831\ note));$
12	"(2) subchapter C of chapter 1 of subtitle D; and
13	"(3) chapter 4 of subtitle D.
14	"(b) Livestock Environmental Assistance Pro-
15	GRAM.—For each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002,
16	\$100,000,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Cor-
17	poration shall be available for providing technical assist-
18	ance, cost-sharing payments, and incentive payments for
19	practices relating to livestock production under the livestock
20	environmental assistance program under chapter 4 of sub-
21	$title\ D.$ ".
22	(b) Livestock Environmental Assistance Pro-
23	GRAM.—Subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act
24	of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3830 et seq.) is amended by adding at
25	the end the following:

1	"CHAPTER 4—LIVESTOCK
2	ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
3	"SEC. 1240. DEFINITIONS.
4	"In this chapter:
5	"(1) Land management practice.—The term
6	'land management practice' means a site-specific nu-
7	trient or manure management, irrigation manage-
8	ment, tillage or residue management, grazing man-
9	agement, or other land management practice that the
10	Secretary determines is needed to protect, in the most
11	cost effective manner, water, soil, or related resources
12	from degradation due to livestock production.
13	"(2) Large confined livestock operation.—
14	The term 'large confined livestock operation' means
15	an operation that—
16	"(A) is a confined animal feeding oper-
17	ation; and
18	"(B) has more than—
19	"(i) 55 mature dairy cattle;
20	"(ii) 10,000 beef cattle;
21	"(iii) 30,000 laying hens or broilers (if
22	the facility has continuous overflow water-
23	ing);
24	"(iv) 100,000 laying hens or broilers
25	(if the facility has a liquid manure system);

1	"(v) 55,000 turkeys;
2	"(vi) 15,000 swine; or
3	"(vii) 10,000 sheep or lambs.
4	"(3) Livestock.—The term livestock' means
5	dairy cows, beef cattle, laying hens, broilers, turkeys,
6	swine, sheep, lambs, and such other animals as deter-
7	mined by the Secretary.
8	"(4) Operator.—The term 'operator' means a
9	person who is engaged in livestock production (as de-
10	fined by the Secretary).
11	"(5) Structural practice.—The term 'struc-
12	tural practice' means the establishment of an animal
13	waste management facility, terrace, grassed water-
14	way, contour grass strip, filterstrip, or other struc-
15	tural practice that the Secretary determines is needed
16	to protect, in the most cost effective manner, water,
17	soil, or related resources from degradation due to live-
18	stock production.
19	"SEC. 1240A. ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF
20	LIVESTOCK ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE
21	PROGRAM.
22	"(a) Establishment.—
23	"(1) In General.—During the 1996 through
24	2002 fiscal years, the Secretary shall provide tech-
25	nical assistance, cost-sharing payments, and incentive

1 payments to operators who enter into contracts with 2 the Secretary, through a livestock environmental as-3 sistance program. 4 "(2) Eligible practices.— 5 "(A) STRUCTURAL PRACTICES.—An opera-6 tor who implements a structural practice shall be 7 eligible for technical assistance or cost-sharing 8 payments, or both. 9 "(B) Land management practices.—An 10 operator who performs a land management prac-11 tice shall be eligible for technical assistance or 12 incentive payments, or both. 13 "(3) Eligible Land.—Assistance under this 14 chapter may be provided with respect to land that is 15 used for livestock production and on which a serious 16 threat to water, soil, or related resources exists, as de-17 termined by the Secretary, by reason of the soil types, 18 terrain, climatic, soil, topographic, flood, or saline 19 characteristics, or other factors or natural hazards. 20 "(4) Selection Criteria.—In providing tech-21 nical assistance, cost-sharing payments, and incentive 22 payments to operators in a region, watershed, or con-23 servation priority area in which an agricultural op-

eration is located, the Secretary shall consider—

1	"(A) the significance of the water, soil, and
2	related natural resource problems; and
3	"(B) the maximization of environmental
4	benefits per dollar expended.
5	"(b) Application and Term.—
6	"(1) In general.—A contract between an oper-
7	ator and the Secretary under this chapter may—
8	"(A) apply to 1 or more structural practices
9	or 1 or more land management practices, or
10	both; and
11	"(B) have a term of not less than 5, nor
12	more than 10, years, as determined appropriate
13	by the Secretary, depending on the practice or
14	practices that are the basis of the contract.
15	"(2) Duties of operators and secretary.—
16	To receive cost-sharing or incentive payments, or
17	technical assistance, participating operators shall
18	comply with all terms and conditions of the contract
19	and a plan, as established by the Secretary.
20	"(c) Structural Practices.—
21	"(1) Competitive offer.—The Secretary shall
22	administer a competitive offer system for operators
23	proposing to receive cost-sharing payments in ex-
24	change for the implementation of 1 or more structural

1	practices by the operator. The competitive offer system
2	shall consist of—
3	"(A) the submission of a competitive offer
4	by the operator in such manner as the Secretary
5	may prescribe; and
6	"(B) evaluation of the offer in light of the
7	selection criteria established under subsection
8	(a)(4) and the projected cost of the proposal, as
9	determined by the Secretary.
10	"(2) Concurrence of owner.—If the operator
11	making an offer to implement a structural practice is
12	a tenant of the land involved in agricultural produc-
13	tion, for the offer to be acceptable, the operator shall
14	obtain the concurrence of the owner of the land with
15	respect to the offer.
16	"(d) Land Management Practices.—The Secretary
17	shall establish an application and evaluation process for
18	awarding technical assistance or incentive payments, or
19	both, to an operator in exchange for the performance of 1
20	or more land management practices by the operator.
21	"(e) Cost-Sharing, Incentive Payments, and
22	Technical Assistance.—
23	"(1) Cost-sharing payments.—
24	"(A) In General.—The Federal share of
25	cost-sharing payments to an operator proposing

1	to implement 1 or more structural practices shall
2	not be greater than 75 percent of the projected
3	cost of each practice, as determined by the Sec-
4	retary, taking into consideration any payment
5	received by the operator from a State or local
6	government.
7	"(B) Limitation.—An operator of a large
8	confined livestock operation shall not be eligible
9	for cost-sharing payments to construct an ani-
10	mal waste management facility.
11	"(C) Other payments.—An operator shall
12	not be eligible for cost-sharing payments for
13	structural practices on eligible land under this
14	chapter if the operator receives cost-sharing pay-
15	ments or other benefits for the same land under
16	chapter 1, 2, or 3.
17	"(2) Incentive payments.—The Secretary shall
18	make incentive payments in an amount and at a rate
19	determined by the Secretary to be necessary to encour-
20	age an operator to perform 1 or more land manage-
21	ment practices.
22	"(3) Technical assistance.—
23	"(A) Funding.—The Secretary shall allo-
24	cate funding under this chapter for the provision
25	of technical assistance according to the purpose

1	and projected cost for which the technical assist-
2	ance is provided for a fiscal year. The allocated
3	amount may vary according to the type of exper-
4	tise required, quantity of time involved, and
5	other factors as determined appropriate by the
6	Secretary. Funding shall not exceed the projected
7	cost to the Secretary of the technical assistance
8	provided for a fiscal year.
9	"(B) Other authorities.—The receipt of
10	technical assistance under this chapter shall not
11	affect the eligibility of the operator to receive
12	technical assistance under other authorities of
13	law available to the Secretary.
14	"(f) Limitation on Payments.—
15	"(1) In general.—The total amount of cost-
16	sharing and incentive payments paid to a person
17	under this chapter may not exceed—
18	"(A) \$10,000 for any fiscal year; or
19	"(B) \$50,000 for any multiyear contract.
20	"(2) Regulations.—The Secretary shall issue
21	regulations that are consistent with section 1001 for
22	the purpose of—
23	"(A) defining the term 'person' as used in
24	paragraph (1); and

1	"(B) prescribing such rules as the Secretary
2	determines necessary to ensure a fair and rea-
3	sonable application of the limitations established
4	under this subsection.
5	"(g) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after the
6	effective date of this subsection, the Secretary shall issue reg-
7	ulations to implement the livestock environmental assist-
8	ance program established under this chapter.".
9	(c) Conforming Program Changes.—
10	(1) Wetlands reserve program.—
11	(A) In general.—Section 1237 of the Food
12	Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837) is amend-
13	ed—
14	(i) in subsection (b)(2)—
15	(I) by striking "not less" and in-
16	serting "not more"; and
17	(II) by striking "2000" and in-
18	serting "2002"; and
19	(ii) in subsection (c), by striking
20	"2000" and inserting "2002".
21	(B) Length of Easement.—Section
22	1237A(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
23	U.S.C. 3837a(e)) is amended by striking para-
24	graph (2) and inserting the following:

1	"(2) shall be for 15 years, but in no case shall
2	be a permanent easement.".
3	(2) Conservation reserve program.—Section
4	1231(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
5	3831(d)) is amended by striking "total of" and all
6	that follows through the period at the end of the sub-
7	section and inserting "total of 36,400,000 acres.".
8	Section 725 of the Agriculture, Rural Development,
9	Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies
10	Appropriations Act, 1996 (Public Law 104–37; 109
11	Stat. 332), is amended by striking the proviso relat-
12	ing to enrollment of new acres in 1997.
13	TITLE IV—AGRICULTURAL PRO-
14	MOTION AND EXPORT PRO-
15	GRAMS
16	SEC. 401. MARKET PROMOTION PROGRAM.
17	Effective as of October 1, 1995, section 211(c)(1) of the
18	Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5641(c)(1)) is
19	amended—
20	(1) by striking "and" after "1991 through
21	1993,"; and
22	(2) by striking "through 1997," and inserting
23	"through 1995, and not more than \$100,000,000 for
24	each of fiscal years 1996 through 2002,".

1 SEC. 402. EXPORT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM.

2	Effective as of October 1, 1995, section 301(e)(1) of the
3	Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5651(e)(1)) is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"(1) In general.—The Commodity Credit Cor-
6	poration shall make available to carry out the pro-
7	gram established under this section not more than—
8	"(A) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
9	"(B) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
10	"(C) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
11	"(D) \$550,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
12	"(E) \$579,000,000 for fiscal year 2000;
13	"(F) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
14	"(G) \$478,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
15	TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS
16	SEC. 501. CROP INSURANCE.
17	(a) Catastrophic Risk Protection.—Section
18	508(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C.
19	1508(b)) is amended—
20	(1) in paragraph (4), by adding at the end the
21	following:
22	"(C) Delivery of coverage.—
23	"(i) In general.—In full consultation
24	with approved insurance providers, the Sec-
25	retary may continue to offer catastrophic
26	risk protection in a State (or a portion of

1	a State) through local offices of the Depart-
2	ment if the Secretary determines that there
3	is an insufficient number of approved in-
4	surance providers operating in the State or
5	portion to adequately provide catastrophic
6	risk protection coverage to producers.
7	"(ii) Coverage by approved insur-
8	ANCE PROVIDERS.—To the extent that cata-
9	strophic risk protection coverage by ap-
10	proved insurance providers is sufficiently
11	available in a State as determined by the
12	Secretary, only approved insurance provid-
13	ers may provide the coverage in the State.
14	"(iii) Current policies.—Subject to
15	clause (ii), all catastrophic risk protection
16	policies written by local offices of the De-
17	partment shall be transferred (including all
18	fees collected for the crop year in which the
19	approved insurance provider will assume
20	the policies) to the approved insurance pro-
21	vider for performance of all sales, service,
22	and loss adjustment functions."; and
23	(2) in paragraph (7), by striking subparagraph
24	(A) and inserting the following:

1	"(A) In general.—Effective for the spring-
2	planted 1996 and subsequent crops, to be eligible
3	for any payment or loan under title I of the Ag-
4	ricultural Market Transition Act or the Agricul-
5	tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1281 et
6	seq.), for the conservation reserve program, or for
7	any benefit described in section 371 of the Con-
8	solidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7
9	U.S.C. 2008f), a person shall—
10	"(i) obtain at least the catastrophic
11	level of insurance for each crop of economic
12	significance in which the person has an in-
13	terest; or
14	"(ii) provide a written waiver to the
15	Secretary that waives any eligibility for
16	emergency crop loss assistance in connection
17	with the crop.".
18	(b) Coverage of Seed Crops.—Section
19	519(a)(2)(B) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 1519(a)(2)(B)) is amend-
20	ed by inserting "seed crops," after "turfgrass sod,".
21	SEC. 502. COLLECTION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL QUAR-
22	ANTINE AND INSPECTION FEES.
23	Subsection (a) of section 2509 of the Food, Agriculture,
24	Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136a) is
25	amended to read as follows:

1	"(a) Quarantine and Inspection Fees.—
2	"(1) Fees authorized.—The Secretary of Ag-
3	riculture may prescribe and collect fees sufficient—
4	"(A) to cover the cost of providing agricul-
5	tural quarantine and inspection services in con-
6	nection with the arrival at a port in the customs
7	territory of the United States, or the
8	preclearance or preinspection at a site outside
9	the customs territory of the United States, of an
10	international passenger, commercial vessel, com-
11	mercial aircraft, commercial truck, or railroad
12	car;
13	"(B) to cover the cost of administering this
14	subsection; and
15	"(C) through fiscal year 2002, to maintain
16	a reasonable balance in the Agricultural Quar-
17	antine Inspection User Fee Account established
18	under paragraph (5).
19	"(2) Limitation.—In setting the fees under
20	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that the
21	amount of the fees are commensurate with the costs of
22	agricultural quarantine and inspection services with
23	respect to the class of persons or entities paying the
24	fees. The costs of the services with respect to pas-

1	sengers as a class includes the costs of related inspec-
2	tions of the aircraft or other vehicle.
3	"(3) Status of fees.—Fees collected under this
4	subsection by any person on behalf of the Secretary
5	are held in trust for the United States and shall be
6	remitted to the Secretary in such manner and at such
7	times as the Secretary may prescribe.
8	"(4) Late payment penalties.—If a person
9	subject to a fee under this subsection fails to pay the
10	fee when due, the Secretary shall assess a late pay-
11	ment penalty, and the overdue fees shall accrue inter-
12	est, as required by section 3717 of title 31, United
13	States Code.
14	"(5) AGRICULTURAL QUARANTINE INSPECTION
15	USER FEE ACCOUNT.—
16	"(A) Establishment.—There is estab-
17	lished in the Treasury of the United States a no-
18	year fund, to be known as the 'Agricultura'
19	Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account', which
20	shall contain all of the fees collected under this
21	subsection and late payment penalties and inter-
22	est charges collected under paragraph (4)
23	through fiscal year 2002.
24	"(B) USE OF ACCOUNT.—For each of the

fiscal years 1996 through 2002, funds in the Ag-

ricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account shall be available, in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts, to cover the costs associated with the provision of agricultural quarantine and inspection services and the administration of this subsection.

Amounts made available under this subparagraph shall be available until expended.

- "(C) Excess FEES.—Fees and other amounts collected under this subsection in any of the fiscal years 1996 through 2002 in excess of \$100,000,000 shall be available for the purposes specified in subparagraph (B) until expended, without further appropriation.
- "(6) USE OF AMOUNTS COLLECTED AFTER FIS-CAL YEAR 2002.—After September 30, 2002, the unobligated balance in the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account and fees and other amounts collected under this subsection shall be credited to the Department of Agriculture accounts that incur the costs associated with the provision of agricultural quarantine and inspection services and the administration of this subsection. The fees and other amounts shall remain available to the Secretary until expended without fiscal year limitation.

1	"(7) Staff years.—The number of full-time
2	equivalent positions in the Department of Agriculture
3	attributable to the provision of agricultural quar-
4	antine and inspection services and the administration
5	of this subsection shall not be counted toward the lim-
6	itation on the total number of full-time equivalent po-
7	sitions in all agencies specified in section 5(b) of the
8	Federal Workforce Restructuring Act of 1994 (Public
9	Law 103–226; 5 U.S.C. 3101 note) or other limita-
10	tion on the total number of full-time equivalent posi-
11	tions.".
12	SEC. 503. COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION INTEREST
13	RATE.
14	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
14	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate appli-
14 15	
14 15	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate appli-
14 15 16 17	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate appli- cable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the
14 15 16 17 18	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate appli- cable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate
14 15 16 17 18	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate applicable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate determined under the applicable interest rate formula in
14 15 16 17 18	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate applicable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate determined under the applicable interest rate formula in effect on October 1, 1995.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate applicable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate determined under the applicable interest rate formula in effect on October 1, 1995. SEC. 504. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF RISK MANAGE.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	monthly Commodity Credit Corporation interest rate applicable to loans provided for agricultural commodities by the Corporation shall be 100 basis points greater than the rate determined under the applicable interest rate formula in effect on October 1, 1995. SEC. 504. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF RISK MANAGEMENT.

1 "SEC. 226A. OFFICE OF RISK MANAGEMENT.

2	"(a) Establishment.—Subject to subsection (e), the
3	Secretary shall establish and maintain in the Department
4	an independent Office of Risk Management.
5	"(b) Functions of the Office of Risk Manage-
6	MENT.—The Office of Risk Management shall have jurisdic-
7	tion over the following functions:
8	"(1) Supervision of the Federal Crop Insurance
9	Corporation.
10	"(2) Administration and oversight of all aspects,
11	including delivery through local offices of the Depart-
12	ment, of all programs authorized under the Federal
13	Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).
14	"(3) Any pilot or other programs involving reve-
15	nue insurance, risk management savings accounts, or
16	the use of the futures market to manage risk and sup-
17	port farm income that may be established under the
18	Federal Crop Insurance Act or other law.
19	"(4) Such other functions as the Secretary con-
20	siders appropriate.
21	"(c) Administrator.—
22	"(1) The Office of Risk Management shall be
23	headed by an Administrator who shall be appointed
24	by the Secretary.

"(2) The Administrator of the Office of Risk 1 2 Management shall also serve as Manager of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation. 3 "(d) Resources.— 4 "(1) Functional coordination.—Certain func-5 6 tions of the Office of Risk Management, such as 7 human resources, public affairs, and legislative af-8 fairs, may be provided by a consolidation of such 9 functions under the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services. 10 11 MINIMUM PROVISIONS.—Notwithstanding 12 paragraph (1) or any other provision of law or order 13 of the Secretary, the Secretary shall provide the Office 14 of Risk Management with human and capital re-15 sources sufficient for the Office to carry out its functions in a timely and efficient manner.". 16 17 (b) Fiscal Year 1996 Funding.—Not less than \$88,500,000 of the appropriation provided for the salaries 18 19 and expenses of the Consolidated Farm Services Agency in 20 the Agricultural, Rural Development, Food and Drug Ad-21 ministration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996 shall be available for the salaries and expenses of the

Office of Risk Management established under subsection (a).

1	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 226(b) of the
2	Act (7 U.S.C. 6932(b)) is amended by striking paragraph
3	(2).
4	SEC. 505. BUSINESS INTERRUPTION INSURANCE PROGRAM.
5	(a) Establishment of Program.—Not later than
6	December 31, 1996, the Secretary of Agriculture shall im-
7	plement a program (to be known as the "Business Interrup-
8	tion Insurance Program"), under which the producer of a
9	contract commodity could elect to obtain revenue insurance
10	coverage to ensure that the producer receives an indemnity
11	payment if the producer suffers a loss of revenue. The na-
12	ture and extent of the program and the manner of determin-
13	ing the amount of an indemnity payment shall be estab-
14	lished by the Secretary.
15	(b) Report on Progress and Proposed Expan-
16	SION.—Not later than January 1, 1998, the Secretary shall
17	submit to the Commission on 21st Century Production Ag-
18	riculture the data and results of the program through Octo-
19	ber 1, 1997. In addition, the Secretary shall submit infor-
20	mation and recommendations to the Commission with re-
21	spect to the program that will serve as the basis for the
22	Secretary to offer revenue insurance to agricultural produc-
23	ers, at one or more levels of coverage, that—
24	(1) is in addition to, or in lieu of, catastrophic
25	and higher levels of crop insurance;

1	(2) is offered through reinsurance arrangements
2	with private insurance companies;
3	(3) is actuarially sound; and
4	(4) requires the payment of premiums and ad-
5	ministrative fees by participating producers.
6	(c) Contract Commodity Defined.—In this section,
7	the term "contract commodity" means a crop of wheat,
8	corn, grain sorghum, oats, barley, upland cotton, or rice.
9	SEC. 506. CONTINUATION OF OPTIONS PILOT PROGRAM.
10	During the 1996 through 2002 crop years, the Sec-
11	retary of Agriculture may continue to conduct the options
12	pilot program authorized by the Options Pilot Program Act
13	of 1990 (subtitle E of title XI of Public Law 101–624; 104
14	Stat. 3518; 7 U.S.C. 1421 note). To the extent that the Sec-
15	retary decides to continue the options pilot program, the
16	Secretary shall modify the terms and conditions of the pilot
17	program to reflect the changes to law made by this Act.
18	TITLE VI—COMMISSION ON 21ST
19	CENTURY PRODUCTION AGRI-
20	CULTURE
21	SEC. 601. ESTABLISHMENT.
22	There is hereby established a commission to be known
23	as the "Commission on 21st Century Production Agri-
24	culture" (in this title referred to as the "Commission").

SEC. 602. COMPOSITION.

2 (6	a)	Membership	AND	APPOINTMENT	-The	Commis-
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- 3 sion shall be composed of 11 members, appointed as follows:
- 4 (1) Three members shall be appointed by the
- 5 President.
- 6 (2) Four members shall be appointed by the
- 7 Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the
- 8 House of Representatives in consultation with the
- 9 ranking minority member of the Committee.
- 10 (3) Four members shall be appointed by the
- 11 Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutri-
- 12 tion, and Forestry of the Senate in consultation with
- the ranking minority member of the Committee.
- 14 (b) QUALIFICATIONS.—At least one of the members ap-
- 15 pointed under each of the paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of
- 16 subsection (a) shall be an individual who is primarily in-
- 17 volved in production agriculture. All other members of the
- 18 Commission shall be appointed from among individuals
- 19 having knowledge and experience in agricultural produc-
- 20 tion, marketing, finance, or trade.
- 21 (c) Term of Members; Vacancies.—Members of the
- 22 Commission shall be appointed for the life of the Commis-
- 23 sion. A vacancy on the Commission shall not affect its pow-
- 24 ers, but shall be filled in the same manner as the original
- 25 appointment was made.

1	(d) Time for Appointment; First Meeting.—The
2	members of the Commission shall be appointed not later
3	than October 1, 1997. The Commission shall convene its
4	first meeting to carry out its duties under this Act 30 days
5	after six members of the Commission have been appointed.
6	(e) Chairman of the Commission
7	shall be designated jointly by the Chairman of the Commit-
8	tee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the
9	Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
10	Forestry of the Senate from among the members of the Com-
11	mission.
12	SEC. 603. COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF PAST AND FUTURE
12	OF DRODUCTION ACRICULTURE
13	OF PRODUCTION AGRICULTURE.
13	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct
14	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct
14 15	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of pro-
14 15 16 17	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of
14 15 16 17	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such
14 15 16 17	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such changes are the result of the amendments made by this Act.
114 115 116 117 118	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such changes are the result of the amendments made by this Act. The review shall include the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such changes are the result of the amendments made by this Act. The review shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the initial success of pro-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such changes are the result of the amendments made by this Act. The review shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the initial success of production flexibility contracts under section 103 in sup-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Initial Review.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of changes in the condition of production agriculture in the United States since the date of the enactment of this Act and the extent to which such changes are the result of the amendments made by this Act. The review shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the initial success of production flexibility contracts under section 103 in supporting the economic viability of farming in the Unit-

- prices, international competitiveness of United States
 production agriculture, food supplies, and humani tarian relief.
 - (3) An assessment of the changes in farmland values and agricultural producer incomes since the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (4) An assessment of the extent to which regulatory relief for agricultural producers has been enacted and implemented, including the application of cost/benefit principles in the issuance of agricultural regulations.
 - (5) An assessment of the extent to which tax relief for agricultural producers has been enacted in the form of capital gains tax reductions, estate tax exemptions, and mechanisms to average tax loads over high and low income years.
 - (6) An assessment of the effect of any Government interference in agricultural export markets, such as the imposition of trade embargoes, and the degree of implementation and success of international trade agreements.
 - (7) An assessment of the likely affect of the sale, lease, or transfer of farm poundage quota for peanuts across State lines.

- 1 (b) Subsequent Review.—The Commission shall
- 2 conduct a comprehensive review of the future of production
- 3 agriculture in the United States and the appropriate role
- 4 of the Federal Government in support of production agri-
- 5 culture. The review shall include the following:
- 6 (1) An assessment of changes in the condition of
- 7 production agriculture in the United States since the
- 8 initial review conducted under subsection (a).
- 9 (2) Identification of the appropriate future rela-
- 10 tionship of the Federal Government with production
- 11 agriculture after 2002.
- 12 (3) An assessment of the personnel and infra-
- 13 structure requirements of the Department of Agri-
- culture necessary to support the future relationship of
- 15 the Federal Government with production agriculture.
- 16 (c) Recommendations.—In carrying out the subse-
- 17 quent review under subsection (b), the Commission shall de-
- 18 velop specific recommendations for legislation to achieve the
- 19 appropriate future relationship of the Federal Government
- 20 with production agriculture identified under subsection
- 21 (a)(2).
- 22 **SEC. 604. REPORTS.**
- 23 (a) Report on Initial Review.—Not later than
- 24 June 1, 1998, the Commission shall submit to the President,
- 25 the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representa-

- 1 tives, and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
- 2 Forestry of the Senate a report containing the results of
- 3 the initial review conducted under section 603(a).
- 4 (b) Report on Subsequent Review.—Not later
- 5 than January 1, 2001, the Commission shall submit to the
- 6 President and the congressional committees specified in sub-
- 7 section (a) a report containing the results of the subsequent
- 8 review conducted under section 603(b).

9 **SEC. 605. POWERS.**

- 10 (a) Hearings.—The Commission may, for the pur-
- 11 pose of carrying out this Act, conduct such hearings, sit
- 12 and act at such times, take such testimony, and receive such
- 13 evidence, as the Commission considers appropriate.
- 14 (b) Assistance From Other Agencies.—The Com-
- 15 mission may secure directly from any department or agen-
- 16 cy of the Federal Government such information as may be
- 17 necessary for the Commission to carry out its duties under
- 18 this Act. Upon request of the chairman of the Commission,
- 19 the head of the department or agency shall, to the extent
- 20 permitted by law, furnish such information to the Commis-
- 21 sion.
- 22 (c) Mail.—The Commission may use the United
- 23 States mails in the same manner and under the same condi-
- 24 tions as the departments and agencies of the Federal Gov-
- 25 ernment.

- 1 (d) Assistance From Secretary.—The Secretary of
- 2 Agriculture shall provide to the Commission appropriate of-
- 3 fice space and such reasonable administrative and support
- 4 services as the Commission may request.

5 SEC. 606. COMMISSION PROCEDURES.

- 6 (a) Meetings.—The Commission shall meet on a reg-
- 7 ular basis (as determined by the chairman) and at the call
- 8 of the chairman or a majority of its members.
- 9 (b) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the Com-
- 10 mission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
- 11 business.

12 SEC. 607. PERSONNEL MATTERS.

- 13 (a) Compensation.—Each member of the Commission
- 14 shall serve without compensation, but shall be allowed travel
- 15 expenses including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as au-
- 16 thorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, when
- 17 engaged in the performance of Commission duties.
- 18 (b) Staff.—The Commission shall appoint a staff di-
- 19 rector, who shall be paid at a rate not to exceed the maxi-
- 20 mum rate of basic pay under section 5376 of title 5, United
- 21 States Code, and such professional and clerical personnel
- 22 as may be reasonable and necessary to enable the Commis-
- 23 sion to carry out its duties under this Act without regard
- 24 to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing
- 25 appointments in the competitive service, and without re-

- 1 gard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of
- 2 chapter 53 of such title, or any other provision of law, relat-
- 3 ing to the number, classification, and General Schedule
- 4 rates. No employee appointed under this subsection (other
- 5 than the staff director) may be compensated at a rate to
- 6 exceed the maximum rate applicable to level GS-15 of the
- 7 General Schedule.
- 8 (c) Detailed Personnel.—Upon request of the
- 9 chairman of the Commission, the head of any department
- 10 or agency of the Federal Government is authorized to detail,
- 11 without reimbursement, any personnel of such department
- 12 or agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in
- 13 carrying out its duties under this section. The detail of any
- 14 such personnel may not result in the interruption or loss
- 15 of civil service status or privilege of such personnel.
- 16 SEC. 608. TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.
- 17 The Commission shall terminate upon submission of
- 18 the final report required by section 604.

19 TITLE VII—EXTENSION OF

- 20 **CERTAIN AUTHORITIES**
- 21 SEC. 701. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY UNDER PUBLIC LAW
- **480**.
- 23 Section 408 of the Agricultural Trade Development
- 24 and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736b) is amended
- 25 by striking "1995" and inserting "1996".

1 SEC. 702. EXTENSION OF FOOD FOR PROGRESS PROGRAM.

- 2 Section 1110 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7
- 3 U.S.C. 17360), also known as the Food for Progress Act of
- 4 1985, is amended—
- 5 (1) in subsection (k), by striking "1995" and in-
- 6 serting "1996"; and
- 7 (2) in subsection (l), by striking "1995" and in-
- 8 *serting "1996"*.
- HR 2854 RH——2
- HR 2854 RH——3
- HR 2854 RH——4
- HR 2854 RH——5
- HR 2854 RH——6
- HR 2854 RH——7
- HR 2854 RH——8
- HR 2854 RH——9
- HR 2854 RH——10
- HR 2854 RH——11